Morning Oregonian.

DAILY
THE UNION

VOL. XXII. PORTLAND, OREGON: THURSDAY, JANUARY 4, 883. NO. 7069.

RAILWAYS AND STEAMBOATS.

Oregon Railway and Navigation Company.

OCEAN DIVISION.

[illegible]

RAIL DIVISION.

[illegible]

MIDDLE COLUMBIA RIVER DIVISION

[illegible]

NARROW GAUGE DIVISION.

EAST SIDE.

BETWEEN PORTLAND AND CORVALLIS.

On and after Monday, Sept. 25, 1882 [illegible]

WEST SIDE.

BET PORTLAND, SHERIDAN AND AIRLIE

[illegible]

General Offices—Cor. Front and D Sts.

C. H. PRESCOTT, Manager. JOHN MUIR, Superintendent of Traffic.

A. L. MAXWELL, Gen'l Ticket Agent.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

WESTERN DIVISION.

PACIFIC DIVISION.

Leave Kalama at [illegible] A. M. Arrive at New Tacoma at 3:30 P. M.

Leave New Tacoma at 7 A. M. Arrive at Kalama 12 M.

Connections.

At Tacoma with P. C. S. S. Co. steamships for San Francisco, and with sound steamers for Victoria, Olympia and all points on Puget Sound.

At Tenino with the Olympia and Tenino railroad for Olympia.

At Kalama with O. R. & N. Co.'s boats for Portland and all railroad and steamship lines centering at Portland.

PEND D'OREILLE DIVISION.

Leave Wallula Junction at [illegible] A. M. Arrive at Cheney at 3 P.M., Spokane Falls at 4:15 P.M., and Pend Oreille at 7:42 P.M.

Returning, leave Pend d'Oreille at 6:10 A.M., at Spokane Falls at 8:30 A.M., Cheney at 9:15, and Wallula Junction at 6:00 P.M.

Connection.

At Wallula Junction with O. R. & N. Co. for all river, ocean and Sound points.

Sleeping Cars to and from Portland.

J. M. BUCKLEY, Assistant General Manager.
JOHN MUIR, Supt of Traffic.
OTIS SPRAGUE, Supt Pacific Division.
H. W. FAIRWEATHER, Supt Pend d'Oreille Division.

Oregon & California R.R.

On and after S[illegible] 21, 1882, trains will run as follows:

(DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAYS)

Eastside Division.

Between PORTLAND and ROSEBURG

Mail Train

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Portland	7:30 A.M.	Riddle's	[illegible]
Riddle's	[illegible] A.M.	Portland	[illegible]

Albany Express Train

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Portland	4:00 P.M.	Lebanon	[illegible]
Lebanon	4:45 A.M.	Portland	[illegible]

Freight Trains

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Portland	6:15 A.M.	Junction	[illegible]
Junction	8:00 A.M.	Riddle's	[illegible]
Riddle's	[illegible] A.M.	Junction	[illegible]
Junction	5:45 A.M.	Portland	[illegible]

The Oregon and California Railroad Ferry makes connection with all regular trains on Eastside Division.

Westside Division.

BETWEEN PORTLAND and CORVALLIS

Mail Train

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Portland	8:00 A.M.	Corvallis	[illegible]
Corvallis	[illegible] A.M.	Portland	[illegible]

Close connections made at Riddle's with stages of the California and Oregon Stage Company.

Tickets for sale to all the principal points in California and the East, at Company's office.

Corner F and Front Sts., Portland, Or.

Storage will be charged on freight remaining at Company's warehouse over twenty-four hours.

Freight will not be received for shipment after 5 o'clock P. M. on either the East or Westside Division.

R. P. ROGERS, Gen'l F't & Pass'r Ag't.
E. KOEHLER, Vice President and Manager.

Ricord's VITAL Restorer.

Restores Nervous and Physical Debility. Loss of Manly Vigor, [illegible]. This invaluable remedy has been scrutinized and indorsed by the Academy of Medicine of Paris, tested for half a century by medical celebrities of the world, contains no phosphorus, cantharides or other poisons, and is a purely vegetable, sugar-coated pill.

For sale by HODGE, DAVIS & CO., Wholesale Agents, Portland, where descriptive circulars can be had, and leading druggists throughout the United States, genuine without the private proprietary stamp, monogram and full name, as above.

NOTICE.

Having bought out the exclusive right of Ricord's Vital Restorative, and the demand having greatly increased within the last five years, the States. I am now enabled to reduce the price ... reach of all. Price per box, $[illegible]

Consultation by letter free. DR. S. B. [illegible]MOND, Proprietor, 34 Vanderbilt Building, New York.

WOLFE'S Sc[illegible]ae [illegible]omatic Sc[illegible]

As a general beverage, necessary corrective of water rendered impure by vegetable decomposition ... WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS ... by the medical faculty, and a sale unequaled by any other alcoholic distillation, have insured for it the reputation for salubrity claimed for it. For sale by all druggists and grocers.

UDOLPHE WOLFE'S SON & CO.
18 Beaver St., New York.

HIMES THE PRINTER
No. 5 Washington St.
Portland,

HIMES THE PRINTER

First class work in all branches of Printing ... A large supply of ... in stock, from which orders may be quickly filled. Especial attention given to Fancy Printing.

NERVOUS DEBILITY

A CURE GUARANTEED.

DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT—A specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Nervous Headache, Mental Depression, Loss of Memory, Spermatorrhoea, Impotency, Involuntary Emissions, Premature Old Age, caused by over-exertion, self-abuse or over-indulgence, which leads to misery, decay and death. One box will cure recent cases. Each box contains one month's treatment. One dollar a box, or six boxes for five dollars; sent by mail, prepaid, on receipt of price. [illegible] Guarantees issued only by [illegible] & Co., Wholesale and Retail Druggists, Portland. Orders by mail receive prompt attention.

ELECTRO-MAGNETIC BELT. ELECTRICITY.

Pat. Nov. 11, '79, and Nov. 9, '80.

THESE BELTS CURE DISEASES THAT [illegible]

[illegible]

C. B. FETY, SEAL ENGRAVER
263 Oak St., bet. First and Second.

NEW YORK CARPENTER

A LUKINS WORK [illegible]

DOMESTIC DISPATCHES.

Severe Criticism of the King of the Sandwich Islands.

NATIONAL PARK TO BE ENLARGED.

The Opinions of Governor Cleveland's Message—Opposition to the Passion Play—A Family Murdered by a Fiend—Etc., Etc., Etc.

SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE OREGONIAN.

New York, Jan. 3.—The *Herald* says: [illegible] brings us from San Francisco at intervals too frequent [illegible] of the forming [illegible] We are surprised that Australia and other [illegible] of the islands have not long ago [illegible] of the absurdities and extravagances of this [illegible] of the Sandwich Islands. Those island rulers, who were [illegible], should retained the character of the native people, and this rule was not without its useful purpose. Kalakua ... from his king a tendency to extravagance and [illegible], which makes him a ruler. We advise [illegible] and costly nuisance. We advise [illegible] residents on the islands to take him in [illegible] has time to ruin the national interest [illegible] of the Sandwich Islands are extremely [illegible] Kalakua is daily wasting them. Not long [illegible] to raise a public loan of two million [illegible] ostensibly for the interests of foreign [illegible] natives alike, he found no one to fool [illegible] lend this sum upon the security of a country that is bankrupt if the reciprocity treaty [illegible], and whose present debt is equal [illegible] more than it can repay out of its [illegible] hundred years without oppressive taxation.

The foreign residents of the islands, and particularly Americans, who make up the greater number, [illegible] an end to Kalakua's wastefulness. [illegible] influence and force enough to dispose of [illegible] half-breed from his sham kingship, [illegible] they wish to do so. They may not think [illegible] go so far as that, but they owe it to [illegible] and to security, and to the prosperity [illegible] to force him to stop his wasteful [illegible] course; and if he will play at king, to [illegible] some sort of sense and moderation.

[illegible] gone so far on the islands within the [illegible] that the attention of our own government [illegible] been called to it. We should like it [illegible] powerful American war ships were ordered [illegible] in the harbor of Honolulu for [illegible] of our own people on the island. [illegible] for that, but the captains of ships [illegible] ordered not to give their countenance [illegible] any step which the misconduct of [illegible].

Cleveland's Message.

[illegible] Jan. 3.—Judging from the press comments, [illegible] message is not a little disappointing [illegible].

[illegible] that there is nothing specially striking [illegible], so far as it indicates anything at [illegible] its author it says he will be a safe [illegible] of the affairs of the state. [illegible] ideas are few and not for the [illegible] and on the side of official economy [illegible] and laudable moral tone, very [illegible] little toward east, do not, on the [illegible] value of the document.

[illegible] to be regretted that he did [illegible] emphasis on three or four matters [illegible] importance. But Cleveland is [illegible] cautious and conservative.

[illegible] is made up chiefly of a series [illegible] of the condition of the [illegible] of the public service. It is [illegible] of suggestions and recommendations [illegible] of first importance, and such [illegible] commonplace.

[illegible] message, considered as a whole, [illegible] Cleveland is seen to be a man of [illegible] and without that firm grasp of the [illegible] of government which goes [illegible].

[illegible] message ambles along through [illegible] interest in the state administration [illegible] statistical and mildly suggestive.

The Passion Play.

[illegible] Jan. 3.—Salmi Morse applied to [illegible] this morning for a license for the [illegible] He said: "To relieve your honor [illegible] I desire to say that the [illegible] corrected and revised by the highest [illegible] in California, and that [illegible] the morals or sensibilities of [illegible] the very sublimest teachings [illegible] and reverential for all. I am a [illegible] and are educated to be Catholic [illegible] that if the oratorio were to be [illegible] the cardinal it would [illegible], it seems to me, knowing as I [illegible] of the Jesuit college in California [illegible] oratorio and pronounced it a beautiful [illegible] the lessons taught us in the New [illegible] to endeavor it quaint and unheard [illegible]." Several persons said the [illegible] production, have applied to [illegible] before I grant the license, and it is [illegible] that I should accord it. He would [illegible] discussed Friday morning.

[illegible] of the National Park.

[illegible] The Times will publish a letter [illegible] Crosby, governor of Montana, [illegible] obedience to the latter's request, [illegible] enlargement of the Yellowstone [illegible] eastward over a section of country [illegible] agriculture, and that officers of [illegible] and furnished power and [illegible] protect the large game in the park [illegible] by hunters. He includes elk, [illegible] deer, and Rocky Mountain [illegible] buffalo, whose place, he thinks, [illegible] by cattle. He suggests that [illegible] roads through the park be [illegible] superintendent, and objects to private [illegible] given control of the park [illegible] and protected from pot hunters [illegible] the park will furnish an overflow [illegible] for legitimate hunting outside.

[illegible] Obtains a Divorce.

[illegible] In the county court to-day, Mrs. [illegible] obtained a divorce from her husband H. A. W. Tabor, on the ground of [illegible] was mutually agreed to by the parties. Alimony was placed at [illegible] hour from the time the proceedings [illegible] by Tabor's attorney, the decree [illegible] Tabor insisted that she ought to [illegible] money, but when the settlement [illegible] seemed satisfied. She was deeded [illegible] which she resides and the Lavelle [illegible] residence block of this city. [illegible] threatened to become a most [illegible] The action of Mrs. Tabor in the [illegible] maintenance and support was discontinued [illegible] settlement. Mrs. Tabor in her complaint [illegible] withdrew the offensive charges of [illegible].

[illegible] of Rubber Interests.

[illegible] The *Herald* says the leading rubber [illegible] the country are considering the [illegible] consolidation. If they unite the capital [illegible] $20,000,000 or $30,000,000. One [illegible]: "We want to have a combination [illegible] such great strength that we can go [illegible] market and buy all the rubber we [illegible] is any syndicate of capitalists."

Porter and the Union League.

[illegible] At a meeting of the Union Veteran [illegible] Union soldiers last night, a proposition [illegible] were passed stating that [illegible] are personally cognizant of the [illegible] Gen. Fitz John Porter's dismissal [illegible] of the court martial was just, [illegible] taken by Senator Logan on the [illegible] reinstatement is right.

Missouri Legislature.

[illegible] Jan. 3.—The legislature met at [illegible] temporary organization of the house [illegible] Parker, chairman. Both houses [illegible].

[illegible] president of the Missouri prohibition [illegible] called a meeting of the executive [illegible] body, to be held here Tuesday [illegible] be agreed upon looking to submission [illegible].

Funeral Postponed.

[illegible] 3.—Funeral services over Treuer [illegible] advertised to take place yesterday, [illegible] happened and a number persons assembled [illegible] about ten minutes after he appointed [illegible] announced that the steamer, by whom [illegible] expected, had not been sighted. It [illegible] and that due notice of the funeral [illegible] the congregation dispersed.

[illegible] Successor.

[illegible] Jan. 3.—Returns of the special [illegible] vacancy in the 47th and 48th congress [illegible] the death of Hon. J. T. Updegraff, [illegible] from the 17th Ohio district, indicate [illegible] of J. D. Taylor, republican, over [illegible] democrat, by a majority of 500 to [illegible] republican gain is reported in all [illegible].

[illegible] of the Coercion Act.

[illegible] Jan. 3.—Martin O'Sullivan, ex-sailor [illegible] Duff, county Kerry, Ireland, is [illegible], 216 Detroit st., this city, and is [illegible] disease contracted during confinement [illegible] Limerick jail under the coercion act [illegible] little hope of his recovery.

[illegible] his Residence.

[illegible] 3.—Sun's Washington special: [illegible] Folger has sublet his house, [illegible] possession January 15th. The [illegible] reported to have said that he expects [illegible] Europe at an early day. It is rumored [illegible] to succeed Folger.

Municipal Frauds.

[illegible] 3.—The board of aldermen met [illegible] the evidence in the impeachment [illegible] Phil Hinkle, who is alleged to [illegible] city hall frauds. An officer of the [illegible] has served a notice enjoining the [illegible] further proceedings.

Pennsylvania Legislature.

[illegible] Jan. 3.—At a meeting of the senate, [illegible] Reyburn was chosen on the [illegible] the house John E. Faunce, democrat [illegible] speaker—111 to 88. H. Gray Meel, [illegible] chief clerk. Both houses adjourned [illegible] governor's message read.

[illegible] Policy Approved.

[illegible] Jan. 3.—Last Sunday Bishop [illegible] praised the Grant policy of dealing [illegible] which Catholic priests were de[illegible] Indian agencies, and gave Secretary [illegible] for giving all denominations free [illegible].

[illegible] Elected from Alabama.

[illegible] Jan. 3.—General Joseph Wheeler [illegible] McClellan, independent, [illegible] for the 8th Alabama district in the [illegible] 300 majority. Republicans took [illegible] Clellan's election.

The Tobacco Crop.

[illegible] 3.—Rains have been greatly [illegible] prospects of a good tobacco crop in Vo[illegible].

THE CRIMINAL CALENDAR.

A Murderer's Fiend Run.

[illegible] east of Rockland, [illegible] was murdered [illegible] and in [illegible] his wife [illegible].

Further details of the tragedy [illegible] Cook, [illegible] strangling her with a rope. [illegible] having come to her daughter's assistance, was strangled [illegible] Cook, who had gone to the barn, [illegible] killed him with an axe [illegible] [illegible] by George, who was asleep, striking him and inflicting [illegible] wounds, the woman [illegible] afterward died. [illegible] he struck her upon the head [illegible] Willie, although [illegible] grappled with him. Then he, [illegible] his sisters, Maggie and [illegible], brought [illegible] to his assistance. In the struggle which ensued Maggie [illegible] eye. The murderer then secured a [illegible] struck Fannie with it, wounding her [illegible] on the head. [illegible] rushed down stairs. The two girls [illegible] the front stairs met him in the dining room, armed with a poker. When he struck at them they defended themselves and closed the door on him. Maggie ran to the front door where she hailed a passerby. When assistance was summoned the murderer fled. He was seen to cross the river, going in the direction of St. Philips' station on the Canadian Pacific railroad. Nothing further has been heard of him.

The house presents a most ghastly spectacle, the bodies of the four victims being laid out in it. The floors, walls and doors are bespattered with blood. Willie's wounds are serious and afford but slight hopes of his recovery.

The murderer, Frederick Mann, is a young Englishman lately out from London. He has been but three months in their employ.

Fatal Shooting Affray.

New York, Jan. 3.—Roundsman Delaney went to a liquor store in Hester street to-day to arrest the proprietor for cheating in making change. A rough and tumble fight ensued. Both drew revolvers and fired at the same time. The policeman's bullet pierced the heart of McGowan, the man whom he was trying to arrest, killing him instantly. McGowan's bullet entered the policeman's eye, glancing downward. He will probably die also. The house was subsequently pulled by police.

The Confessed Murderess.

Mount Vernon, O., Jan. 3.—J. Y. Stillwell yesterday stated he had not a shadow of a doubt in his dying wife's confession. She was implicated in three murders, the victims being her first husband, a stranger and a child by her second and last marriage. He says he escaped her attempts to take his life by the merest accident.

Good Shots.

Bend, Texas, Jan. 3.—Thomas Jones and George S. Franks, of Gallod Springs, met on the street, Franks with a shot gun, Jones with a revolver. Both fired and both were instantly killed.

Gamblers Fined.

Chicago, Jan. 3.—The appellate court to-day affirmed the sentence of Gary, fining twenty keepers of gambling hells, or houses in which gambling is carried on, $100 each. As this comes nearer to enforcing the law with some severity than any previous legal action has done, it causes much satisfaction among the better class of citizens.

Forgery.

Chicago, Jan. 3.—Henry Jackson, livery stable keeper, after forging the firm's name, J. S. Lockridge, to notes for several thousand dollars and borrowing money of nearly everybody, disappeared taking a woman.

ACCIDENTS.

Convicts Drowned.

Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 3.—[illegible] convicts, mostly negroes, and two white guards, engaged at the Cowee tunnel, western North Carolina railroad, Jackson county, were crossing the Tuckasegee river on a flat Saturday morning, they were towed the flat leaking. [illegible] of the men. All rushed to one end of it and sank it. The Tuckasegee at that point is swift and deep and rapids just below. [illegible] clinging together in knots, and those who could not swim, holding to those who could, some were carried into the rapids and drowned. Only twelve of the convicts were saved. One of the guards was washed ashore below the rapids insensible. He was restored to consciousness.

They Deled the Dynamite.

Winchester, Va., Jan. 3.—Three colored laborers on the Central railway extension put wet dynamite in a stove to dry this morning. It exploded, blowing two to atoms and seriously injuring the other. The house was completely demolished.

FIRES.

Depot Burned.

St. Joseph, Mo., Jan. 3.—A disastrous conflagration occurred this morning. The fire began in the annual grain elevator of the Hannibal & St. Joseph railroad, and spread rapidly, destroying the old passenger depot of the Hannibal & St. Joseph railroad. Two box cars and several flat cars loaded with lumber and a number of frame houses were burned. The elevator originally cost $100,000.

At Pine Bluff.

Pine Bluff, Ark., Jan. 3.—This morning a fire originating in the two story brick block occupied by Rosenbaum & Co., furniture dealers, and Sol. Rosenburg, plantation supplies, destroyed over twenty business houses; loss $125,000.

TELEGRAPHIC SPARKS.

There were received last year in Chicago 177,337 car loads of live stock, valued at $186,670,000.

The Holloware glass furnace of Bodine, Thomas & Co., Camden, N. J., has resumed operations.

H. B. M. ship Con[illegible] arrived at San Francisco yesterday from Esquimalt and after coaling left for Valparaiso.

Joshua Gifford, aged 70, residing near Granby, N. Y., killed his wife, aged 64. Gifford has surrendered to the authorities.

All the miners in mines tributary to Des Moines, except two, and numbering 800 men, stopped work because of a reduction of half a cent a bushel.

A new suspension railroad bridge for the Michigan Central and Canada Southern railroad is to be constructed below Niagara falls.

At a late hour last night L. Stemin, a member of the police force at Pueblo, Col., was shot and instantly killed by unknown parties.

The Nebraska legislature convened at noon. The senate organized in opposition to the republicans. The house organized straight republican.

The vice chancellor of [illegible] has decided that a telegraph company is not liable for damages sustained on account of unreported messages.

Schedules of Edwin H. Sampson, lately doing business in Boston under the name of Edwin H. Sampson & Son, show liabilities of about $[illegible].

[illegible] Russell, of Albany, N. Y., has filed a summons and complaint against the W. U. T. Co. for neglect to pay state taxes on dividends for 1881.

The official announcement is made that the Cincinnati *Commercial* and *Gazette* will be issued as the *Commercial-Gazette* from the *Commercial* office tomorrow.

Gov. Foster's, of Ohio, message recommends that a temperance constitutional amendment be submitted to the people and a uniform liquor tax be provided for.

A police prosecution was entered in Brooklyn in the case of Mrs. Lizzie McDowell Wall, the actress, who some months ago killed her husband, Geo. Barnes Wall, the lawyer.

Three veterinary surgeons of Oskaloosa, Ia., after a post mortem examination of four victims of the horse disease now raging found the cause of death to be cerebro-spinal meningitis.

Especial preparations are being made for a big fight in the Wisconsin legislature over the prohibition amendment. It is reported that liquor dealers have a powerful lobby established.

Notwithstanding the fact that "brokers" have been taken out and no quotations of any sort are supplied by the Western Union Telegraph, the bucket shops at Chicago, except two or three small ones, continue to run, succeeding in some unknown way in getting quotations.

Work on the Canal.

Panama, Dec. 25.—The *Herald* says a party of engineers arrived in San Blas from New York. Their visit is probably in connection with the prospective activity of work on the Panama canal during the present dry season. Much work must be done and great activity is shown. De Lesseps recently declared that he will finish the canal in 1888, but it is easier to build canals in Paris on paper than here on the isthmus, where the work is to be accomplished. It makes but little difference how many contracts for canal cutting that may exist on paper, no such work has yet begun. Preparations on a considerable scale are in progress, but it is scarcely likely these preparations will be finished during the present dry season.

Referring to DeLesseps' statement that no danger need be apprehended to the canal from earthquakes, the *Herald* says: We agree with him, notwithstanding the slight shock we felt yesterday, for who, except a prophet, can tell where the next earthquake is to come from?

The Guatemala company, on December 12th, published a translation of the contract signed in New York, October 6th last, between General Barrios and General Grant, president of the Mexican Southern railroad company, under which, in return for certain concessions, this company undertakes to build 250 miles of railroad in Guatemala within two years after the Mexican Southern railroad reaches the Guatemalan frontier.

CABLE FLASHES.

Carl Stanford is dead, age of [illegible].

The Suez canal tariff has been reduced half a franc per ton.

[illegible]

[illegible]

Seventy houses have fallen at [illegible]

[illegible] Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

WASHINGTON.

A Japanese Prince Refuses to Dine with the President.

REVISED TARIFF AND HARBOR BILLS

Long Boats [illegible] the Secretary of the Interior—[illegible] Memorial.

SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE OREGONIAN.

Washington, Jan. 3.—[illegible]

[illegible] Lawson, [illegible] and that [illegible] McPherson [illegible] number of [illegible] 47th congress [illegible] delegates to [illegible] there [illegible] Republicans in each house of the 47th congress. As the elections last fall were unfavorable to republicans, this limitation of convention delegates to members of the next congress would not give distinctly republican states that ascendency intended. To remedy this it is proposed to allow three instead of two additional delegates for each republican senator or representative. This is going to give the republican states the nominating of a presidential candidate. In the Chicago convention it was very [illegible] that the strength of the old guard lay almost entirely in the states that could not, under any circumstances, contribute a vote in the electoral college to the election of candidates. The members of the national committee have come to realize the fact that even in republican states success cannot be counted as a certainty. The candidate must be acceptable to republicans in doubtful states, and he can't be chosen in the Chicago convention. Georgia had exactly as much to say in determining who should be the republican candidate for president as Michigan did. In a convention organized as proposed, Michigan would cast 13 votes, and she will have in the next congress two republican senators and five republican representatives, and Georgia will cast 22. Had this rule been in force when the convention was held in Chicago, Blaine would have been nominated on the first [illegible] ballots. [illegible] statement that [illegible] the opinion of the subcommittee at the national committee, [illegible] the matter in charge, the [illegible] has passed the [illegible] The proposed rule is that there shall be two delegates at large for each senator, and two delegates for each representative or territorial delegate, and three delegates for each republican senator or representative in congress existing at the time. The convention delegates at large are to be elected by a state convention, to be called on not less than fifteen days' published notice, and held not less than thirty nor more than fifty days before the national convention. This last provision is aimed at premature campaigns like those in Pennsylvania and New York in 1880, where the Grant men elected all their delegates to the national convention before the people generally were aware that anything was going on, the national convention being then so remote. Delegates are to be elected in district conventions, or they may be elected by district representatives at state conventions. Assuming that the next congress will contain 33 republican senators and 124 members of the house, the convention of 1884 will consist of 1,640 members, of whom 820 will be representatives at large, and 403 will be extra delegates allotted to states and districts where there are republican members. New York will have a delegation of 87 instead of 71. Kansas will send 45, for [illegible] [illegible] Virginia would have a delegation of [illegible] Maine [illegible] and appears [illegible] as [illegible].

The New Monitors.

Washington, Jan. 3.—The matter of completing the four monitors, Monadnock, Puritan, Amphitrite and Terror, came up before congress to-day, [illegible] approved the conclusions of the board [illegible] the secretary [illegible] completion of the monitors [illegible] The advisory board has [illegible] in the [illegible] of the monitors [illegible] preparing [illegible].

Washington, Jan. 3.—The secretary of the navy to-day sent congress a preliminary report of the naval advisory board, recommending the completion of the monitors Puritan, Terror, Amphitrite and Monadnock. He accompanied the report with a message endorsing the recommendation of the board. Bureau officers of the navy, in their annual reports submitted by the secretary of the treasury to congress last month, asked an appropriation of $[illegible] for completing the hulls and providing machinery for these monitors. The secretary of the navy, in his annual report, estimated that $1,352,[illegible] would be enough for this work. The report of the advisory board says that its members have examined all the monitors except the Monadnock, which was inspected by the president of the board. Reports of previous boards appointed to inspect these monitors, as well as all literature available relative to the construction of foreign armored vessels has been read, and after careful investigation it is deemed wise and expedient to complete the monitors. Their hulls are pronounced to be in excellent condition, and the launching of the Puritan and the sea test recently given the Miantonomah has proved the correctness of the designs. The board is convinced that the monitors can be completed without change of design, and when finished will be equals of any ironclads designed before 1879. The cost of finishing them will not, it is said, be over $[illegible]. The board before the end of the month will submit complete and detailed plans and estimates for the completion of the vessels. Secretary Chandler in endorsing the report of the board says he is not in favor of completing the monitors under the present illusory contracts of March 2, 1877, as there is nothing to show that these contracts were not fair and reasonable. He asks the government to pay a reasonable sum for use of navy yards where those monitors have lain in an uncompleted state since 1877.

The Revised Tariff.

Washington, Jan. 3.—Representative McKinley, of Ohio, who is a member of the ways and means committee, said to-day that he saw no reason why the tariff revision bill could not be reported to the house by the 8th of January. He believed that it reported then there would be ample time in which to secure action on both houses upon it this session. Public sentiment, he said, demanded a revision of the tariff, and public opinion would prevent any unnecessary delay in passage of the bill. There would not be, in his opinion, any waste of time in speech making in the house, at any rate. The programme which he thought would be followed he outlined briefly to the *Globe* correspondent. The bill would be reported about next Monday, printed and recommitted. While the ways and means committee were revising it, every member of congress would have a printed copy to examine at his leisure. When brought back into the house there would be an hour given to each side for general discussion, after which the bill would be read for amendment in committee of the whole. Five minutes speeches would be the rule, as nearly every prominent member of the house had made a speech on the general subject at the last session. He did not think it would be discussed at any length now, and the house would not tolerate much speech making on amendments. Mr. McKinley did not know whether or not there would be a caucus of republicans, but thought there should be one to determine the course to be followed with respect to the bill by the majority.

A Tart Japanese.

Washington, Jan. 3.—The Japanese Prince Jatsu Into, of Arisugawa, who spent the Christmas season here, is not at all inclined to be social with Americans. Evidently he considers himself too great a man to hob nob with the distinguished people of this country. He even went so far as to refuse an invitation to dine with President Arthur, for no particular reason, save that it did not suit his convenience. He took special pains to snub General Van Buren, consul at Tokio, who recently returned to this country. He did not invite him to any dinners, and positively refused to allow him to accompany the party last week to Mount Vernon in the early part of the week. Gen. Van Buren is well acquainted with the prince, and occupying the position he does, it is considered strange that he should have been so slighted.

Samuel M. Bryan, a native of this country, but for the past ten years connected with the Japanese government in the capacity of postmaster-general, said he cannot understand it. Arisugawa is the best educated man in Japan. He is well posted and fully understands the courtesies due the president. He is very peculiar, however, and likes to be coaxed into doing things. Aeon of the great potentates of his country, he feels the importance of his rank and is inclined to be offish, and possibly did not accept the president's invitation because it did not come with sufficient ceremony.

Railroad Land Grants.

Washington, Jan. 3.—Scores of bills have been introduced in the senate and house during the past two years to declare forfeited the lands of certain land grant railroads, and congressmen have made repeated attacks on these corporations for speculative purposes, and many have been [illegible] valid interests were in the forfeiture of lands given corporations that have failed to comply with the stipulations of their grants. The judiciary committee of the senate to-day reported a bill on this subject, as a substitute for other bills, which will, if it becomes a law, undoubtedly accomplish the desired object of Senator Garland, who framed the bill which was to submit the question of the rights of railroads against which complaints have been made, to a judicial decision, and at the same time protect the interests of [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] to compel the Pacific railroads to pay the government its dues and the action taken, [illegible] through the senate at least before the expiration of [illegible].

Game in the National Park.

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

Singular Death.

Washington, Jan. 3.—There are some curious features connected with the death of Col. Devine, which occurred in this city. He was dining with some old friends, and they were discussing the rapidity with which work on the Washington monument was pushed forward. One gentleman remarked that the monument was now very high—higher, in fact, than the figure on the dome of the capitol. Devine said it was true the monument was very high, but he soon expected to go much higher than the monument. As he spoke these words he sunk back in his chair unconscious, and very soon expired. Col. Devine was highly respected, and a retired army officer.

A Funny Incident in the House.

There was a funny scene in the house yesterday. The bill was taken up for the street railroad in Washington with an important amendment tacked on. The house being weary was about to pass it, when Neal, of Ohio, who was in a barber chair, heard of it, and bounced from the chair, wiping the lather from his face with a towel, and forgetting his coat, bounced into the arena, demanding the Speaker's attention. When he had done that, he ran back for his coat, which he pulled on minus collar and necktie. He was much raised, but in dead earnest, and for once, at least, commanded the attention of the house and got the amendment rejected.

New Postal Card.

The postoffice department has contracted for a large quantity of new style postal cards, or combination letter and envelope. Fears have been expressed by some postal experts that it would interfere greatly with the revenue department, especially if the reduction of postage to two cents was adopted, but those in favor of the new cards reply that similar fears were expressed when the postal cards were first proposed and then, as now, the letter postage was three cents. Should the reduction be made, a large letter sheet and envelope, combined, with a two cent stamp upon it, would be among the things to follow.

Decision of the Land Commissioner.

Washington, Jan. 3.—Geo. John Frising made a preemption entry in the San Francisco land district in the interest of Stockmen. A contest was made pending issue of which Stockmen died. Frising now claims the facts, makes relinquishment and waives all claim to the purchase money. The commissioner has therefore canceled the original entry. There are a number of similar cases, in the same district, and the result of this has been awaited with interest.

The Guests in Society.

Washington, Jan. 3.—On Monday General and Mrs. [illegible] will entertain at dinner Senator and Mrs. Miller and Mrs. Frelinghuysen. Other entertainments in their honor are projected. Before the close of the present week they will be joined by Col. Fred Grant and wife. On the 16th inst. Miss Dora Miller will give a fancy dress ball to 150 of her friends.

Exports and Imports.

Washington, Jan. 3.—The excess of exports for the twelve months ended November 30, 1882, were $[illegible]; excess exports of gold and silver coin and bullion, same period, $22,701,501; value of imported merchandise into the United States for twelve months ended November 30, 1882, $750,647,826, an increase of $[illegible]; value of exports of domestic and foreign merchandise for twelve months ended November 30, 1882, $752,082,661, a decrease of $[illegible].

Pacific Coast Patents.

Washington, Jan. 3.—The following patents have been issued: Lionel H. Heynemann, San Francisco, safety elevator; Peter H. Jackson, San Francisco, iron and illuminating stairs; Thos. Megow, San Francisco, feathering paddle wheel; Eugene Morgan, San Francisco, rock-drill; Gilbert Morgan, Stockton, stock extractor; Samuel S. Whitehead, San Francisco, hand vise; Gilbert A. Wright, Lewis Fowler and G. Schaw, Napa City, two-wheeled vehicle.

Additional Justices for Utah.

Washington, Jan. 3.—The president laid before the senate a memorial of the Salt Lake Bar association in relation to the proposed provision for additional associate justices of the Utah supreme court. Referred to the committee on judiciary.

Memorial Presented.

Washington, Jan. 3.—George, in the house, presented the memorial of the president and secretary of the chamber of commerce of Astoria, Oregon, for an appropriation for improvement of the mouth of the Columbia river.

WASHINGTON WAIFS.

Attorney-General Brewster has gone to Altoona.

A reception was given General and Mrs. Grant last night.

Porter said he would listen to Logan's review of his case to-day.

Gen. Grant and Gen. Porter are here to favor the passage of the Porter rehabilitating bill.

Commissioner Raum estimates it would require $3,[illegible] to refund the taxes on stocks [illegible] on hand.

Coinage mints during December, $5,763,[illegible], of which $2,[illegible] was gold, $[illegible] silver, and $129,[illegible] minor coins.

Advices from Capetown to the board of health state that during the past two weeks 3000 people have been stricken with smallpox and 2000 have died. Negroes object to vaccination.

The funeral of Allen, late Hawaiian minister, will take place Wednesday. The remains will be escorted to the depot by troops and removed to Boston for interment. The president, and cabinet will attend the funeral services in the Unitarian church here.

Floods in Europe.

Vienna, Jan. 3.—The Danube is still rising. The race course is flooded as far as the exhibition building. At Frankenthal, Bavaria, 600 persons have abandoned their homes. All traces of the quays and banks of the Danube have been lost, their places merely being marked by eddies in the current. A great quantity of water is still expected from the upper river.

Amsterdam, Jan. 3.—The northeastern portion of North Brabant is submerged. Hundreds are homeless. Five hundred houses were destroyed by floods in the villages around Worpas.

Dresden, Jan. 3.—Market square here is flooded.

Mayence, Jan. 3.—The Rhine has reached the height of 7.54 metres.

Rosenort, Jan. 3.—The town, with the exception of a church and houses of the clergy, is deeply submerged. The water in many houses nearly reaches the roof. In Freudenthal the scene is beyond description.

Irish Affairs.

Dublin, Jan. 3.—While three or emergency bailiffs were approaching Upper Cross, county Tipperary, going for provisions, they were attacked by peasants and a struggle ensued. The bailiffs fired at their assailants, killing one named Gleeson and wounding some others. Five of the attacking party were arrested.

Latest from Langtry.

New York, Jan. 3.—The latest Langtry story is, that on Friday last, she was then playing in Brooklyn engagement, she made her appearance in the city and called upon a leading lady in New York society, residing on Fifth avenue. The lady is known to Mrs. L. Stevens. Upon calling the Jersey Lily was politely informed the lady was not at home.

Gov. Hoyt's Message.

Harrisburg, Jan. 3.—The message of Gov. Hoyt reviews the finances of the state he leaves in a highly satisfactory condition. He favors equalization of taxation from all classes of property and that corporations should be not [illegible].

Note de Death.

[illegible] Charles Porterfield Krauth, D. D., vice provost of the University of Pennsylvania, is dead.

[illegible] Swift Talk.

[illegible]

SCANDAL IN [illegible] ABROAD.

[illegible]

CONGRESS.

Senate.

Washington, Jan. 3.—[illegible]

[illegible] Porter [illegible]

Logan began at about the hour that Pope was [illegible] to Porter, [illegible] of 4 P. M. that day [illegible] Porter was writing a dispatch that he had been ordered to move to Manassas, and when he [illegible] received the order to attack he did not [illegible].

Sewell said the evidence showed that General Porter did not receive the order to attack until late at night.

Logan replied that [illegible] Pope, the officer who carried the order, testified that he delivered it.

Sewell: The character of Douglass Pope for veracity is not very good.

Logan: The character of Douglass Pope for veracity is very good. Mr. President, I knew Douglass Pope better than that gentleman. He was born and raised in my state. He is dead now, and you may assail him, but his record is as good as the senator's.

Sewell: If I had known he was dead I would not have made the remark.

Logan: Well, sir, you ought to have known it. It was published far and wide. As the senator from New Jersey seemed to desire that the flood gates should be opened and all the truth let out, the fact might as well be stated that the gentlemen engaged in this plan of working out the restoration of Fitz John Porter to the army sent a man to Columbus, Ohio, to see him who tried to persuade him he was mistaken as to the time when the order to attack was delivered. There were two excuses offered for Porter's failure to obey this order. First, he was confronted by an overwhelming force under Longstreet; and second, the order was not received until too late an hour for the attack. If the opposing force was so large, Porter would have had a better chance of success in attack at night than by waiting for daylight, but in fact the reports of confederate officers showed that 1,000 of Longstreet's troops were engaged at Groveton, so the force in the front of Porter was certainly not larger than his own. In conclusion Logan said: "Why is it, whenever this case comes up the senate is divided on political lines? It ought not to be so, because there is no politics in the case. It is merely a question of reversing the verdict of a court martial upon a man convicted and sentenced at a time when a good many senators on the other side of this chamber were holding their own court martials down south. Could it be possible that these gentlemen and others of their politics, would now vote, without reference to facts or law, that the action of the court should be reversed and this man put back into the army because he belonged to their party and because they were prejudiced against the court that convicted him, and the president who approved the conviction?" He protested against the passage of this bill because it would introduce a disorganizing and disrupting influence into the army, which belonged to the whole country and in whose efficiency all were interested. If he felt any impulse for this bill to please anybody he would go across the Potomac and kneel among the boys who fell on the battlefield of Groveton on the 29th of August and would there pray God to give him. He would appeal to the spirit of Lincoln, who approved the verdict of the court, and to Garfield, who took a part in rendering that verdict and always believed it just to restrain him from perpetrating such a wrong upon the grave soldiers living and dead.

Sewell replied briefly to Logan. He said the verdict of the court martial that convicted General Porter was based upon the idea put forth by General Pope that there was no force in Porter's front; that Longstreet had not arrived at the time the order was sent to Porter, and if the order had been obeyed Porter would have encountered no obstacle until he struck Jackson's right flank. This showed clearly that General Pope did not understand the situation. His whole campaign was directed against one corps of the confederate force, the one commanded by Jackson, utterly ignoring the fact that Longstreet passed through the Thoroughfare gap and was in front of Porter and McDowell with 25,000 men. Sewell read copiously from testimony and documents in the case in support of his views, and said, in conclusion, the subject was not a new one. It was as old as his term in the senate and likely to outlive him. "Twenty years ago Gen. Porter was a distinguished, capable and faithful soldier in the army of the United States, who fought many battles for his country and not one against her. He was condemned as a traitor from that time to this. Gen. Porter steadily asked not for mercy, but for justice."

Hawley said he intended to vote in accordance with the views presented by the senator from Illinois (Logan) and had risen to deprecate any imputation made by Logan in the first part of his speech. The senator's book might possibly have been influenced by improper motives, and questions were likely to arise concerning promotion in the army that might have had something to do with their judgment. There can be no honorable man in the world, said Hawley, in this affair.

Hale moved the bill be indefinitely postponed.

The motion was lost, yeas 21, nays 27. The bill was then reported to the senate.

Hoar moved to postpone for further consideration for a week in order to give senators time to examine the evidence in the case, as it compelled to vote now he should have to vote against the bill.

Conger said 26 senators, one-third of the senate, were not present to record their votes and take the responsibility for the passage of this wonderful proceeding, and he thought they ought not to act finally upon the bill without their presence. No measure has been introduced in congress since he had been a member whose passage would so shock the moral sense of the people of the north. If Fitz John Porter had shown a tithe of the disposition to get into the army when it was struggling for existence at Groveton, that he and his friends are now exerting to get him put back into it, the results of that contest might have been different. He (Conger) would warn any northern man who voted for this bill that he could not deceive the people.

Logan thought it came with poor grace from those men who had emerged from the smoke of battle against their country to try to return to the army a man who had been false to his country. What did it mean? What would the country think of it?

This led to replies from Cockrell and Brown, the latter protesting his loyalty and that of the south. Adjourned.

House.

Washington, Jan. 3.

Sherman, of Illinois, presented the memorial of the American Social Science Association, asking congress to distribute money among the several states for educational purposes; referred.

The house went into committee of the whole on the army appropriation bill (Townshend of Ohio, in the chair).

Brown's amendment for the gradual abolition of pay of the corps of the army, was adopted.

Upson held that the army should be kept full, as communistic mutterings, dangerous and villainy, under guise of labor strikes encouraged by fraudulent demagogues, were warnings of future danger to the peace of the country. He eulogized the British army.

Robinson wanted to stop the tendency of snobs and flunkeys who boast brains to imitate monarchy.

Additional amendments having been offered and debated, all were withdrawn and the original proviso in the bill stricken out.

Hewitt, of New York, called attention to the fact that in various items the bill was a reduction in appropriations, and inquired whether a reduction was for the purpose of making a good showing.

Butterworth, of Ohio, replied that the appropriations were sufficient. He would not turn over to the next congress as many deficiencies for making up deficiencies as it had encountered when it came into power.

Hiscock, of New York, denied there existed any preconceived plan to create deficiencies to be provided for by next congress, but that the committee on appropriations of the 46th congress intentionally threw a large amount of deficiencies upon the 47th congress.

Blount, of Georgia, denied this.

Hiscock replied that the deficiencies to be provided for amounted to $27,000,000.

Atkins, of Tennessee, chairman of the appropriations committee of the 46th congress, asked the gentleman from New York to give something to sustain his statement.

Hiscock: I will give evidence here now. The committee on appropriations over which the gentleman had the honor to preside, failed to make an appropriation in the sum of $4,000,000. Now I say to him, I say to the committee, and I say to the country, that a fact as startling as that either proves the incompetency of that committee on appropriations, or its dishonesty. Either that or for political purposes it stood under the appropriation, or else it did not give to the service for which it was appropriated that investigation which the service demanded on two occasions.

Atkins: I do not yield further to the empty platitudes of the gentleman from New York. (Laughter.) I am amazed that the gentleman should stand on his place and make such an arraignment as he has made of the committee on appropriations of the 46th congress, of which he himself was a member, when this is the first notice he has ever given to the country that he entertains such opinions as he has the hardihood to express. It is a surprise to me, and ought to be to him. I hurl the charge back to the gentleman as a slander.

Debate and explanations continued at considerable length.

Calkins, of Indiana, said a democratic congress appointed the Mississippi river commission, and a republican congress are brave enough to make a large appropriation recommended by that commission on every sitting of the north democratic speakers had assaulted the republican party for that vote.

[illegible] of New York, said he recognized that eloquent distinguished gentleman from New Jersey, Robeson, the accepted leader on the other side, who was always [illegible] ... defeat, for he stood defeated, and [illegible] ... He (Robeson) has the courage to express his convictions, [illegible] ... [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] and proceeded forward. The force [illegible] it was comfort to have the gentleman come forward [illegible] he was in that chair [illegible] speaker [illegible] and now the house and country [illegible] for the speaker [illegible] duty to the Mississippi [illegible] next night [illegible].

[illegible] congress ... [illegible] hope ... until [illegible] month of [illegible]

Consumption of the bill was practically concluded with the exception of amendments offered on the rules of the [illegible].

The deficiency bill for Indian appropriation bill was reported [illegible] committee of the whole. It appropriates [illegible], a decrease of [illegible] from the appropriation of the current year. Adjourned.

FROM EUGENE.

Villard's Endowment to the State University—Robbery, New Bank, Etc.

[FROM THE OREGONIAN'S LOCAL CORRESPONDENT.]

Eugene, Jan. 3.

New year's day was very quietly observed both callers and ladies at home being fewer in number than last year.

Last Friday night Wells, Fargo & Co.'s express office was broken into, entrance being effected through the rear door. A satchel was cut open and a silver watch of $10 abstracted therefrom. Two bills, containing some $[illegible], were emptied, and various express packages were opened with the hope of finding valuables. The direct and indirect loss to the express company will be about $75. Burris' tinstore, adjoining was also entered but the metals there found were not of their liking. No clue to the thief.

Mr. Hulings Miller, father of Joaquin Miller, is lying dangerously ill at his residence near this city.

An alarm of fire last Saturday evening brought out the fire companies, but their services were not needed. The explosion of a lamp in a house partly occupied by Negro Cole occasioned the alarm.

The new 800 pound Troy bell for the Presbyterian church was placed in position on New Year's day. All churches in the city are now supplied with bells.

The Eugene Literary society have elected officers Saturday evening, as follows: President, D. C. Judkins; vice president, Hattie Collier; secretary, Alice Dorris; assistant secretary, Mary McCormack; treasurer, Lucy Mare[illegible]; censor, W. W. Jardwell.

Quite a brilliant event in the social line was a reception given last Saturday evening by Mrs. James E. Holt to a large circle of acquaintances. Mr. Holt has lately built a handsome residence, furnished it elegantly and the evening named afforded an opportunity of formally opening its doors for the reception of guests. About 150 persons were present, the fleeting hours being spent in pastimes usual on such occasions.

Hovey, Humphrey & Co. yesterday moved into their new bank building and commenced operations immediately upon a regular banking system. The building is centrally located and made of brick, while the interior is admirably arranged for the purposes intended. The firm are agreeably surprised with the amount of business transacted on their opening day, being equal to their expectations of a week's work. A general banking business will receive attention.

Miss Margaret Fronk, accompanied by her parents, goes to Portland this morning, where she will be united in marriage to Mr. S. E. Goodman, late of Eugene, but now engaged in business at the metropolis. The ceremony will probably be performed this evening. Miss Fronk has a circle of warm friends in Eugene, who sincerely wish that her wedded life may be as unclouded as the more fortunate of those who have preceded her.

Word has just been received from Mr. Villard, expressing his willingness to comply with his proposition to endow the university of Oregon with $50,000, provided the state legislature would make certain provisions. The conditions having been met at the last legislative session, Mr. Villard will place in the hands of the regents $50,000 in Northern Pacific six per cent. bonds, interest payable semi-annually. If, however, at any future time the board of regents can secure a more profitable investment of the fund they are at liberty so to do. So soon as here are available funds, many plans looking toward the general improvement of the university will be matured, the first being the addition of two tutors, already chosen, to the corps of professors now employed. The regents also hope soon to establish a reading room in the university, the nucleus of a fund for that purpose being a $100 donation by Mr. Henry Failing, of your city. The university will be grateful for further additions to this fund from any person desiring to contribute.

NEWS OF THE NORTHWEST.

Western Oregon.

Weather in Josephine county is beautiful, and prospects for large crops are excellent.

Work on the Jacksonville distillery has been about completed and it will soon be in operation.

Charles, a son of J. T. Bryant, of Williams creek, Josephine county, was drowned near Myrtle creek on the 24th.

The Brownsville *Banner* is the latest candidate for public favor. It is a four-page six-column sheet all printed at home, and presents a handsome appearance.

Sergeant Holland, of Company K, First cavalry, committed suicide at Fort Klamath last week Sunday by shooting himself through the body. No cause is given for the act.

A number of residents of Jacksonville have formed a joint stock company for the purpose of locating and working some copper and iron mines in Josephine county, and parties are now out making the locations. Those who are posted say they have struck a bonanza.

Eastern Oregon.

A deposit of gold potter's clay has been found near Cove, Union county.

A large amount of plowing is being done near Cove, Union county, for spring planting.

Hogs are dying in Goose lake valley, Lake county, from eating carcasses of cattle that have died from blackleg.

Black leg prevails among the cattle of Klamath county, and many are dying with it. Steers have fallen victims, causing many people to refrain from eating beef.

The Pendleton *East Oregonian* says: The heavy freight teams over the mountains are having a hard time of it. The roads are very bad in many places, and to add to it there is over a foot of snow on the range. The number of broken down wagons, together with those mired down and abandoned, is enough to gladden the heart of every wagon repairer.

Washington Territory.

Communication with the Peshastin mines is shut off by snow.

Kittitas valley has sent out 3000 head of cattle to market this past year.

A larger acreage of grain is being planted in the Kittitas valley than ever before.

A new sawmill is to be erected near Ellensburg with a capacity of 12,000 feet per day.

Idaho.

Six wagon loads of bacon, flour, etc., were sent to Boise City last week, from eastern Oregon.

Negotiations are pending for the sale of Maxwell copper mine, near Mineral City, Washington county, to California capitalists.

Last week, a snow-slide occurred in a Bailey canyon, near Vienna, burying two men, Arthur Tippet and John Burke. They were finally taken out dead, and were buried last Saturday.

The end of the track on the Oregon Short Line is now 40 miles east of Naples, and 20 miles east of the Snake crossing. Corrigan & Conlin's forces are working on the grade from a point 10 miles east of the crossing to a point 22 miles east. There is one cut 15 feet deep in lava to be completed, and which will require 30 days to finish. If the railroad trains reach the Afton crossing by Feb. 1, no stop will be made until the Junction is reached—which will be two weeks later. The tracklayers are not expected to reach Naples before the middle of February or the beginning of March.

> You can't afford a laugh, young girl,
> Unless your teeth are white as pearls;
> Unless your mouth is pink and sweet,
> And your wall[illegible] rose[illegible] neat,
> And your [illegible] ...
> But through the use of SOZODONT.

A Connecticut widow found $100 in the overcoat of her husband after he had been dead a year. She could not have spent it on a very devoted wife if she waited to go through his pockets regularly when he was alive.—*N. Y. Commercial Advertiser.*

"Friends," said the elderly gentleman, as they came out of the tunnel, "let us all be honest, now, and confess." Everybody present in the car looked confused and mum. "Oh, there's nothing to confess."—*Shenandoah Journal.*

It's come at last. He's classed with Christianity and Ingersoll. Buffalo papers speak of "this man Langtry."—*Chicago Herald.*

[illegible] world over, and [illegible] to equal St. Jacob's Oil can be found.

Pacific Mutual Life Insurance Co. OF CALIFORNIA.

A. McKINNIE, Manager

For Oregon, Washington, Idaho and Montana.

OFFICE—WITH PORT. LAND SAVINGS BANK.

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Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Gout, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Sprains, Burns, Scalds, Pains in Back and Chest, Tooth Ache, Head Ache, and all other bodily pains and aches.

The Great Healing Remedy.

In all Flesh, Bone and Muscle ailments on Horses and other Animals, its effect is instantaneous and permanent.

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As it is for all the painful diseases of the KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS.

It cleanses the system of the acrid poison that causes the dreadful suffering which only the victims of Rheumatism can realize.

THOUSANDS OF CASES

of the worst forms of this terrible disease have been quickly relieved, and in short time PERFECTLY CURED.

PRICE, $1. LIQUID OR DRY, SOLD BY DRUGGISTS.

Dry can be sent by mail.

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CAROLINA TOLU TONIC.

Direct shipments of Jamaica Rum, Scotch Whiskies, Old Tom Gin, in Cases, and Falk & Jeffrey's Ale and Porter, pints and quarts.

J. DROUILHAT,

81 Washington St., Portland, Or.

BILLIARD & POOL TABLE MANUFACTURER,

REPAIRING neatly and promptly executed. BILLIARD SUPPLIES of all kinds constantly on hand. Old Tables taken in part payment for new ones.

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DIAMOND SETTER,

Has Just Opened at

151 First St., up stairs, over Skidmore's Drug store, Portland, Or.

His friends and acquaintances and the public wishing work in that line are respectfully invited to call.

Special Attention Paid to Repairing.

Orders from the interior promptly attended to.

A. P. HOTALING, San Francisco. E. C. HORD, Portland.

A. P. HOTALING & CO.,

3 and 5 North First St., Portland.

IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS.

Sole Agents for the

J. H. CUTTER OLD BOURBON WHISKY

AND FOR

VAL. BLATZ MILWAUKEE BEER.

ASK YOUR GROCER

FOR

Patton Mills Flour,

Manufactured at

SALEM, OREGON,

Guaranteed Whiter Flour

AND

Better Quality

Than can be made by any other. Your Mills Oregon Milk [illegible] ... and you ... other.

WILLIAM DUNBAR, Agent, 80 [illegible] street, P[illegible]

L. DEMPSEY & CO.,

SAIL MAKERS,

AND MANUFACTURERS OF OIL CLOTH Goods, Awnings, Tents, Tarpaulins, Horse, Wagon and Duck Covers, Lap Aprons, Coats, Pants, etc., opposite Dodd & Sikes' warehouse, East Portland, Oregon.

PIONEER CANDY FACTORY.

BERNHEIM & ALTSCHUL,

84 First St., between Stark and Oak streets.

Portland, Oregon.

Orders received by mail have our special attention.

MUSICAL BOXES.

M. J. PAILLARD & CO., 88 Dupont Street, SAN FRANCISCO,

Manufacturers and Importers.

A. E. JUILLERAT, Exclusive Agent.

Musical Boxes Repaired. Send for Illustrated Price List.

JOHN A. BECK,

WATCHMAKER & JEWELER,

Fine Assortment of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and Spectacles at Low Prices.

Repairing a Specialty. All work warranted.

149 Front St., opp. Esmond Hotel.

Established 1865.

J. B. CONGLE & CO.,

Manufacturers [illegible] Saddles, Harness, [illegible] Hardware, [illegible] and Ho[illegible] ... satisfaction guaranteed.

INSURANCE.

PERFECT INDEMNITY.

MUTUAL RESERVE FUND LIFE ASSOCIATION,

No. 148 Broadway, New York.

Incorporated under the laws of the State of New York.

EDWARD B. HARPER, President,
Dr. D. M. CALDWELL, Vice-President,
CHARLES R. BISSE, Treasurer,
F. T. BRAMAN, Secretary,
H. G. LYTTLE, M. F., Assistant Medical Director.
R. G. BLOSS, Manager of Agencies.

For circulars and further information apply to

A. D. WHITNEY, General Agent,
2½ Washington st., Portland, Or.

SUN INSURANCE COMPANY

OF SAN FRANCISCO.

FIRE and MARINE.

Directors:

L. Steinhart, R. D. Chandler, Gustave Niebaum, J. B. Stetson, J. J. McKinnon, Francis Blake, E. B. Pond, Alfred Barstow, C. L. Bingley, C. L. Taylor, J. N. Knowles.

Deposited at Salem, Or. $50,000

The undersigned are now prepared to accept risks and issue policies at equitable rates.

SIBSON, CHURCH & CO.,

GENERAL AGENTS,

N. E. corner of Front and Ash streets, Portland, Or.

ARTHUR E. SLOAN, Manager.

THE OREGON FIRE & MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS:

H. W. CORBETT, W. S. LADD, C. H. LEWIS, HENRY FAILING, M. S. BURRELL, L. WHITE, J. W. COOK, CHAS. HODGE, M. W. FECHHEIMER, President.

The Oregon Fire and Marine is the only Home Company of the Northwest. Its capital is (and will be retained) in Oregon.

J. FRED CLARK, Secretary,
Office, 20 Washington St., Portland, Or.

IMPERIAL, LONDON, NORTHERN and QUEEN

Insurance Companies of London and Liverpool.

Deposit in Oregon $200,000 00

Joint Policy issued by the Four Companies.

CORBITT & MACREAY, Gen'l Agents.
EDWARD HALL, Manager Oregon, Washington and Idaho.
Office 20 and 21 Front St., Portland, Or.

UNION INSURANCE COMPANY

OF SAN FRANCISCO.

FIRE AND MARINE.

Capital .... $750,000.

BRANCH OFFICE FOR OREGON,
100 Front Street, Portland, Oregon.
JAMES [illegible], Agent.

South British and National Fire and Marine Insurance Cos.

COMBINED.

CAPITAL .... $[illegible]

With unlimited liability of shareholders, and

The City of London Fire Insurance Company of London.

(LIMITED.)

Capital .... $[illegible]

Deposited in Oregon for security of policy holders 150,000

JAMES LAIDLAW & CO., Gen'l Agents, 16 North Front St.

T. H. ALLEN, Jr., Manager.

MARINE INSURANCE.

The Thames and Mersey Marine Insurance Co.,

OF LIVERPOOL.

Capital Subscribed $10,000,000
Capital paid up .... [illegible]
Reserve Fund, in addition to capital .... [illegible]
Cash Assets, June 30th, 18[illegible] .... [illegible]
Deposit in Oregon .... [illegible]

Risks accepted and POLICIES WRITTEN at No. 5 FIRST ST., PORTLAND, OR.

PHILIP C. SCHUYLER, Agent.

OREGON & WASHINGTON TERRITORY BRANCH.

NEW ZEALAND INSURANCE COMPANY.

FIRE AND MARINE.

Capital - - - - - - $5,000,000.

With unlimited liability of stockholders.

U. S. Bonds deposited with State Treasurer in Oregon $50,000

Letter of Credit, Bank of British Columbia, Portland, Or. $5,000

W. F. BROWN, MANAGER.

No. 27 Stark St., Portland.

INCORPORATED 1866.

Home Mutual Insurance Co.

OF CALIFORNIA.

FIRE ONLY.

Losses Paid Since Organization, $1,334,633 44.

Losses Paid in Oregon in Six Years $162,363 29.

OREGON BRANCH OFFICE,

GEO. L. STORY, Manager,

Southeast cor. First and Stark Streets,

Opposite Ladd & Tilton's Bank,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

J. O'CONNOR,

DEALER IN

GROCERIES AND PRODUCE

Ship Stores, Garden and Grass Seed, Foreign and Domestic Fruits.

Corner Front and Washington Streets.

TRENKMAN & WOLFF,

MACHINISTS,

Corner F and Third Streets.

Housework, Doors, Railings, Iron Shutters and Machinery of all descriptions. Planing and Moulding Tools to order.

The Daily Oregonian.

THURSDAY MORNING, JAN. 4, 1883.

COL. MENDELL'S PLAN.

Representative George has done well to call attention to the fact that the minority report of the board of engineers on improvement of the Columbia river bar is by no means a report adverse to the undertaking. On the contrary, this minority report, as signed by Col. Mendell, shows that "to concentrate the river within moderate width and to discharge it as a unit to the sea are the objects sought;" and it is added that "their complete attainment gives best assurance of good results." Col. Mendell's conclusions differ from those of the other engineers in this, namely: They would start a jetty from the shore near Fort Stevens in a northwesterly direction towards a point about three miles south of Cape Disappointment, this jetty to stop short of that point or be prolonged beyond it, as experience might indicate to be necessary; while Col. Mendell thinks it not expedient to extend the work beyond the limits of Clatsop spit. But he is of opinion that it ought to be built higher than recommended by his fellow engineers—that is, to the height of mean tide, or perhaps higher.

With both reports now before us we find that the argument of Col. Mendell for the jetty is in some of its points more forcible than that of his fellow engineers. He would not now attempt to extend the jetty to deep water, because he believes it possible to attain the desired result without doing so, and moreover because he doubts the practicability of the undertaking. He says: "A work extended seaward from Point Adams to a point two or three miles south of Cape Disappointment must cross a deep channel of the river over a mile in width with an unstable bed, which at times in each day carries several hundred cubic feet of water per second." Hence he would "avoid the difficulties to be met in deep water until a plain necessity compels us to encounter them." The contraction of the channel which he suggests would close a cross-section of the river 14,000 feet in extent and having an average depth of 9 feet. This he estimates at one-fourth of the river section at Point Adams. It would secure at moderate cost as great a concentration of the river as now appears, in his opinion, to be practicable. The object to be secured would be, in effect, the elevation of Clatsop spit, and Col. Mendell thinks it could be accomplished on his plan for $1,375,000.

This beginning, he argues, would not be exposed to the great contingencies of cost and disaster which threaten a structure prolonged into deep water for several miles, with limited communication with the shore and exposed to waves of great power. He is quite confident the improvement he proposes will secure the object desired. Four fathoms and more were found on the bar in past times, and Col. Mendell says the conditions under which this depth existed do not seem to him to have been so favorable for good depth as those which the work he suggests might be expected to establish. But it is always to be observed that the effect of any given improvement on bar channels can never be accurately demonstrated in advance.

A CURIOUS PARALLEL.

For twenty years the chief problem of the science of fortification and of naval construction has been prosecuted in a contest between big guns and defensive armor. It has been a curious thing to observe how strenuous has been the effort, first, to make a gun which would be irresistible, and second, to make steel armor which no gun could penetrate. It may now perhaps be regarded as definitely settled that the guns are ahead;—that is, no ship can carry armor so heavy as to render it invulnerable to the most powerful modern guns. Science has run many similar races with itself. Its general progress has in fact been mainly a series of triumphs of science over itself at different stages of its growth—in other words, an advance from lower to higher results.

These general remarks are incidental to mention of a cleverly written article in an English newspaper—the *Pall Mall Gazette*—on the race between science on the one side and crime on the other. The fact is pointed out that while science seems to be a public benefactor in constantly furnishing means to detect crimes, it is equally clear that it furnishes new means to commit them. We are told by the *Gazette* that not long ago a professor at Milan "obviated the inconvenience of poison by a new method, which is illustrated every day by the electric light. Having lured a newly married couple into his laboratory, one of whom was the lady who had jilted him, he avenged himself by passing an electric current through them, and, as there are no signs apparently by which deaths from such causes could be detected, there still appears a very good opening for electrical murderers." The reader of medical jurisprudence is aware that science has become almost an infallible branch of evidence in our courts. No form of poison, though long remaining in a dead body, can escape chemical analysis. The use of the spectroscope in detecting blood stains has been fully tested. The process is to vaporize the stain and watch the position of the spectral lines. The slightest tinge of blood, however old and dry, can be unerringly detected in this way. If the burglars' tools are marvels of ingenuity, they have improved safes and electric alarms to contend with. If the thief takes the train the telegraph may catch him. If the counterfeiter adulterates the coin or splits a bank note, science furnishes tests to discover the alloy, and will invent paper that cannot be split. Photography aids the detective in search of a criminal. On the other hand, the resources which science puts into the hands of the criminal are immense—though fortunately the most depraved are commonly too ignorant to use them.

A new argument is being presented to congress in favor of abolishing postage on newspapers. It is based on the important agency of newspapers as mediums for increase of the postal revenues. Many millions of the letters carried through the mails yearly, perhaps a majority of all of them, are written in reply to advertisements which appear in the millions of sheets daily issued from the press. It is the experience of all business men and of all publishers that their correspondence is enormously increased by means of these advertisements, and but for them the income of the postoffice would be very seriously impaired. It follows thus that as a matter of policy, taking no higher ground, anything which hinders the free circulation of newspapers should be done away with in the interests of the department. Such charge is a tax not only on the dissemination of knowledge but also on the business to which the postoffice itself must look for support. The Dominion of Canada, recognizing these facts, allows newspapers to pass free through the mails, and finds from experience that it is based on a judicious and enlightened principle.

In our local columns will be found the result of an interview with a gentleman from one of the mining districts of Western Idaho. In it may be found food for thought by local jobbers and manufacturers. The people of that section are looking to Portland for their supplies and are anxious to deal with us. Mining machinery and supplies form a large item in this trade, and Portland should supply the demand.

Though Dr. Bliss demand $25,000 for his attendance upon President Garfield, he took the $6000 awarded him; but now he says he is going to make some revelations in regard to that sick room which will astound the country." Perhaps his "revelations" will convince the country that it was very right in not paying him the other $19,000.

THE FRENCH CHIEFTAIN.

The death of Leon Gambetta at the early age of forty-four years is a more important event than might at first be imagined. At no time in the history of France has there been a man who sprang from obscurity into light and power like this man. Among statesmen we may, of course, name Napoleon, who was a famous soldier at a much earlier age, but nowhere in recent history has any other man blazed out like a star and then been cut off in the full day. [illegible] the brilliancy of a career which has been such a strange combination of romance with reality.

That the great French orator was not a man of the strictest moral principles will be of more interest to querulous moralists in other lands than to the people of the land he so faithfully served. The people in that land where the same word serves for a man's wife or his "woman" will not allow any little scandal [illegible] to stand in the way of their homage to a man who was the master mason in the great work of building up a republic upon the ruins of a dissolute and despotic empire. They will hold his memory in honor [illegible] and he will become a sort of tutelary part of the common people, as were Thaddeus Stevens and Silas Wright in America.

His character [illegible] of the professors in the Liberal or the plain people's politics, that he was at first regarded as a political dark horse rather than a deep thinker and an organizer of vast [illegible] forces to follow him." His enemies and detractors soon began to find how great was their mistake. They discovered that the obscure lawyer who had groped upwards through the Commune, was a dangerous and an adroit adversary. Less of a philosopher than Lamartine, he was a thousand times more practical in his application of the underlying principles of government, and while vastly inferior to Thiers in historical research he showed himself his superior by adhering less to the musty traditions of the past and seizing upon measures that were in harmony with the spirit of the day and hour. Inferior to a score of diplomatists of the first half of the century in knowledge of international law he hewed out a path afresh for his native land in the march of progress.

There is something in the man's simplicity of manner and his wonderful eloquence, coupled with his indomitable will-power and his salient wit, that will recall the stately presence of the Sage of Ashland to the reader in future years, as he peruses the life of the great French Jew. And here, again, we are compelled to institute another comparison this time with Disraeli. To the careful reader of both these men's lives, the Frenchman's name, notwithstanding his immoral life, will shine with the purer luster. The Englishman rose by servility to the royal power and a life-long treachery to the masses from whose midst he sprung. The Frenchman, on the other hand, owed all his elevation to the masses. Like Richelieu, he was all for France. If, like the great cardinal, whom the greatest of English novelists has canonized in a tragedy so sublime that Shakspeare himself might have been proud of it, he was crafty and unscrupulous at times, he was so only as against the enemies of his country.

France can ill afford to spare him at this juncture in her political affairs, when every nook in Paris conceals some seedy adventurer or conspirator seeking to raze the republic and restore the Bonaparte relations of the man who sought an election to the presidency in 1848 that he might destroy the republic and build up anew the dynasty that had, fifty years previously, made Europe one vast charnel-house. Gambetta will be better known by the void he has left in death than by the station he filled in life. He was preeminently a national man and his public career must command the esteem of those who could not endorse his private life. The great tribune, chancellor, scholar and tyrant in one person, can at last breathe free. His most dreaded foe is no more.

A result of the prohibition of Chinese immigration is witnessed in the advance of wages demanded by Chinese domestics in this city and elsewhere on the Pacific slope. No Chinaman who possesses knowledge and experience that fit him at all for domestic service can be had here for less than six dollars a week, and many demand more. Housekeepers say there is an almost general demand among Chinese servants for advance of wages; which in most cases must be paid because girls cannot be had in sufficient numbers to supply their places. Very probably after the railroads shall have been completed girls will come from the east to supply the demand, and considerable numbers of Chinese, released from railroad work, will qualify themselves for household service.

It is easy enough to see what the country demands in regard to civil service reform. It is simply that the civil service shall be taken out of politics, shall be divorced wholly and permanently from partisan administration, shall cease to be treated as "patronage" by self-seeking politicians and manipulated as a means of pursuing partisan ends against the popular will. The republican party must establish the civil service on this basis, or prepare itself for defeat. There is no confidence in the democratic party; it will not be voted into power because the people expect anything in the way of reform through it; but republicans will not allow their own party to ignore this vital demand for deliverance of the public service from debased and debasing methods.

National bank taxation is a source of large revenue to the government. It has paid the entire expenses of maintaining the system and afforded a handsome surplus. These taxes for 1882 were larger than for any former year. Their aggregate during twenty years has been $118,000,000.

The Walla Walla *Statesman* issued a review of the previous year's progress on January 1st. It is replete with facts of interest and shows unmistakably the rapid progress of the pretty little "Queen City of the Upper Columbia."

Since the new two cent postage stamps will represent just what Hubbell collected on the dollar it is suggested that it might properly be adorned with the said Hubbell's pay-up or get-out features.

MEETING NOTICES.

The Meeting of Temperance Council No. 11 [illegible]

K. P. M.—You are requested to meet at your Hall at 7:30 sharp this evening. [illegible]

Columbian Eng'e Co., No. 3.—[illegible] R. M. DONOVAN, Sec'y.

River View Cemetery Association. The annual meeting of the River View Cemetery Association [illegible] EDWARD FALLING, Clerk. Portland, Jan. 2, 1883.

BORN.

Jan. 3, to the wife of N. Davis, a son.

DIED.

At Union Flat, W. T., Jan. 1, of scarlet fever, Leslie, the infant son of Wm and Martha McNelly, aged 2 months and 11 days.

NEW TO-DAY.

A FINE BUSINESS IN EAST PORTLAND FOR sale [illegible]

PERSONAL.

ANNIE WHITE, PLEASE CALL ON MRS. [illegible]

FOR SALE.

CHOICE RESIDENCE LOTS [illegible] J. P. D. LOWNSDALE & CO., Agents, No. 6 Washington street. [illegible]

FOR SALE.

DESIRABLE [illegible] RESIDENCE [illegible] J. P. D. LOWNSDALE & CO., Agents [illegible]

FOR SALE.

TWO EXCELLENT [illegible] BLOCKS IN HOLLADAY'S ADDITION [illegible] J. P. D. LOWNSDALE & CO., Agents, No. 6 Washington street. Jan. 4, 1883.

NEW TO-DAY.

A HOTEL IN PORTLAND FOR SALE [illegible]

A SPLENDID CHANCE IN A [illegible]

ON AND AFTER [illegible]

FOR RENT.

DESIRABLE PAYING BUSINESS PROPERTY. [illegible]

FOR SALE.

GOOD [illegible] PROPERTY [illegible] J. P. D. LOWNSDALE & CO., Agents [illegible]

CAPITAL BATHS, OPP. LADD'S BANK.

LOTS AND BLOCKS!

IN ALL PARTS OF [illegible] PORTLAND AND ALBINA [illegible]

TO THE PUBLIC.

ON AND AFTER THIS [illegible]

"THE GRAND STABLE."

I beg to notify friends and patrons of this stable that I NOW have Hacks and Coupes FIRST-CLASS, driven by such well known and favorite drivers as Schuyler Camp, John Flynn, and others, all highly prized men of the old, reliable O. T. Co. Orders will receive careful attention and be highly appreciated.

R. M. WEBER, Prop'r.

Telephone No. 274.

BLANK BOOKS.

BLANK BOOKS.

GEO. H. HILL,

First Street, near Yamhill,

CITY BOOK STORE.

GRAND ART AUCTION SALE

OF D. GALES' COLLECTION OF

Very Choice and High Class

OIL PAINTINGS,

From the easels of the most celebrated American and Foreign Artists.

Monday and Tuesday Evenings, January 8 and 9, 1883.

At 7 o'clock.

N. B.—Paintings now on exhibition, with catalogues, at the Ainsworth Block, next door to the Arlington Club Rooms, Third street, between Oak and Pine. [illegible]

A. B. RICHARDSON, Auc'r.

PLUMMER & BYERLY,

DRUGGISTS,

S. W. cor. First and Main Sts., Portland.

DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, TOILET GOODS, PAINTERS' SUPPLIES in full stock.

Prescription Department complete and faultless. Dispensers thoroughly competent. Charges reasonable. [illegible]

Reliable Druggists, Plummer & Byerly.

Notice to Shippers.

SS. OCEANIC WILL SAIL FROM SAN FRANCISCO [illegible]

FOR SALE.

185 acres lying Northeast of Albina, splendidly situated for cutting up into small tracts, will be sold cheap if applied for at once.

W. H. CREIGHTON, Office of Gibson, Church & Co., Cor. Front and Ash.

STOCK-TAKING!

CLEARANCE SALE

OF

Remnants, Silks and Laces,

ETC., ETC.

We have marked down a lot of goods in every department to prices below cost.

DRESS GOODS, SILKS,

LINENS, HOSIERY, etc.

JOHN CRAN & CO.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

Mr. J. C. Shofner has this day been admitted into the firm of Ira Russ & Co. The business will be transacted under the firm name of Russ & Shofner at the old stand, corner Third and Morrison. [illegible] Jan. 1, 1883. IRA RUSS & CO.

RUSS & SHOFNER,

Successors to

IRA RUSS & CO.,

Established in 1858.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Staple and Fancy Groceries.

Old Stand, Third and Morrison.

MILLINERY AND FANCY DRY GOODS.

MRS. H. H. HILDEBRAND,

AND

MISS LIZZIE M. ANDERSON,

IMPORTERS OF

FINE MILLINERY,

71 Third St., Ainsworth Building, bet. Oak and Pine, Portland, Or.

MISS A. S. JORGENSEN,

MILLINER 108 First Street.

Prices Reduced for the Holidays.

ALWAYS AHEAD OF TIME.

We offer JOUVIN KID GLOVES in all shades [illegible] FRENCH CORSETS [illegible]

Cherry, Applique, Antique Curtains and Bedspreads.

Passamenteries, Gimps, Fringes, Buttons, [illegible]

All Latest Shades in Satins.

[illegible] A. SALMON, 105 First Street, Portland.

J. N. GRISTON,

Successor to

Webb & Reiglo, 50 Morrison Street,

DEALER IN FANCY AND STAPLE GROCERIES. [illegible]

ALL LADIES WISHING FIRST CLASS

DRESS AND CLOAK MAKING,

GO TO MRS. VAN WINKLE.

No. 171 Fourth St., opposite Turn Halle.

CLEARANCE SALE

We beg to announce that, owing to the necessity of erecting a new building, we are obliged to sell of our entire stock at actual cost.

Silks, Velvets, Plushes,

AT COST.

Laces, Hosiery, Corsets,

AT COST.

House-Furnishing Goods,

AT COST.

Silk and Brocade Cloaks,

AT COST.

Millinery Goods at Cost.

As our stock is complete in every department, a better opportunity has never been presented to buy first-class goods at such bargains.

LEWIS & STRAUSS,

123 FIRST ST.

AMUSEMENTS.

PAVILION SKATING RINK.

SKATING EVERY

Morning for Children from 9 to 12.

Afternoon for Ladies and Gentlemen, 2 to 5.

Evening for all, from 7:30 to 10 P. M.

Admission and use of skates, mornings and afternoons, 25c; evenings, admission 25c, use of skates 25c.

Special Attractions Saturday Evenings.

Admission Saturday evenings 50c. Ladies free. [illegible] Commutation and Season Tickets for sale at the ticket office.

STEPHENS & EPPERLY, Props.

REAL ESTATE AND FINANCIAL.

MYERS & WHITWELL,

Real Estate Agents and Insurance Brokers,

No. 102 First Street.

LOANS NEGOTIATED.

[illegible]

ALBINA HOMESTEAD.

LOTS AND BLOCKS,

SITUATED IN THE RIGHT PLACE. CALL ON MARSDEN & JENKINS, [illegible]

NOTICE.

ON AND AFTER [illegible] THE STEAMER [illegible] Portland and Sellwood [illegible]

HEURNER & LEAHY,

Real Estate, Insurance & Money Brokers,

[illegible] Cor. Front and Washington Sts., Portland, Or.

WANTED TO RENT.

WANTED [illegible]

LOST.

A [illegible]

A. ROBERTS'

CHRISTMAS OFFERING!

$500 [illegible]

GIVEN AWAY! GIVEN AWAY!

TO THE LITTLE ONES!

NO BLANKS! NO BLANKS!

In order to show our appreciation of the liberal patronage extended to us during the past year, we propose to give to every boy purchasing a suit of clothes

A CHRISTMAS PRESENT!

Comprising Writing Desks, Tool Chests, Accordions and Toys of all descriptions. We make a specialty of

RUBBER GOODS:

English Light-Weight Coats,

Extra-long Officers' Coats,

Firemen's Coats, Police Coats.

HOLIDAY NOVELTIES:

Velvet Embroidered Suspenders,

Embroidered Silk Handkerchiefs,

Elegant Neckwear.

A. ROBERTS,

The Leading Clothier, Merchant Tailor and Hatter of Oregon.

F. U. PAGE,

COMMISSION MERCHANT

And Dealer in

Oregon and California Fruits

AND PRODUCE.

[illegible]

132 Front St., Portland, Or.

PATRONIZE HOME INDUSTRY.

Oregon Clothing Mfg. Co.

[illegible]

PHYSICIANS' VISITING LISTS

[illegible]

GENUINE SWISS CHEESE,

OREGON LIMBURGER,

SAP SAGO and CREAM CHEESE

[illegible]

C. S. BURCKHARDT, 11 Washington St.

ALBERT BIRNSCH,

PIANOS,

58 YAMHILL ST.

[illegible]

T. J. JOHNSTON,

Plumber, Gas & Steam Fitter,

[illegible]

SPECIAL NOTICES.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING [illegible] Clarke, Tower & Thompson, [illegible] is this day dissolved by mutual consent, C. F. Tower retiring from the firm.

Orlando Clarke and Elbridge L. Thompson will continue the business under the firm name of Clarke & Thompson, [illegible]

ORLANDO CLARKE,
E. L. THOMPSON,
C. F. TOWER.

Albina, Dec. 27, 1882.

Stockholder's Meeting.

THE REGULAR ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of the Willamette Iron Works will be held at the office of the company Monday, January [illegible] A. M.

W. T. STEPHENS, Sec'y.

NOTICE.

AFTER THIS DATE I WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE for any contracts made or debts contracted by my wife, [illegible] GEO. JOBES.

TO THE PUBLIC.

WELLS, FARGO & CO. HAVING INTENTION of withdrawing from any of their lines, [illegible] DUDLEY EVANS, Division Superintendent.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE partnership heretofore existing between W. S. Newbury and W. Hudson Grant [illegible] is this day dissolved by mutual consent, [illegible]

W. S. NEWBURY,
W. HUDSON GRANT.

Mr. Newbury is authorized to receive and receipt for all moneys due the late firm of Newbury & Grant. [illegible] W. HUDSON GRANT.

PROPOSALS.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED [illegible] by the trustees of the Vancouver M. E. Church, for the erection of a frame church building [illegible] Vancouver [illegible] Portland, Oregon. The trustees reserve the right to reject any or all bids. [illegible] Chairman Committee.

RUMMELIN & GUTMANN,

82 FIRST STREET,

Between Stark and Oak, Portland, Or.

Offer at Lowest Figures

EXTRA FINE

SEAL-SKIN SACQUES & DOLMANS

Guaranteed First Quality & Good Fit.

FUR LINED GARMENTS

With Genuine Siberian and Alaska Squirrel Lining and Beaver [illegible]

A Fine Assortment of Fashionable

Ladies, Misses and Gentlemen's

FURS,

Robes, House Rugs and Trimmings.

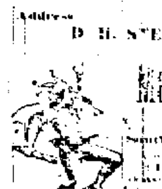
TEN OREGON PAPERS

Descriptive of Oregon Scenery, Oregon Towns, Oregon Farms, Oregon Homes and of Oregon Methods of Making a Living.

[illegible]

Address

D. H. STEARNS, Portland, Or.



Masquerade Suits

[illegible]

ZAN BROTHERS,

Manufacturers of

BROOMS AND WOODEN WARE, AND IMPORTERS OF WILLOW WARE.

Nos. 12 and 14 North Front St.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A NEW JUMP-SEAT CARRIAGE, [illegible]

FOR EXPORT.

1000 BBLS SUPERFINE FLOUR FOR SALE [illegible]

RESTAURANT—THE MOST CENTRALLY LOCATED [illegible] BURROWS, WALLS & [illegible]

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

ONE HALF INTEREST IN ONE OF THE BEST [illegible]

RESTAURANT FOR SALE, DOING A GOOD [illegible]

FOR SALE.

A LIVERY STABLE, COMPLETE IN ALL OF [illegible] CHAS. KELLY [illegible]

A BARGAIN.

FOR SALE ON ACCOUNT OF ILL HEALTH, [illegible] logging camp [illegible]

FOR SALE.

A GOOD PAYING AND WELL ESTABLISHED [illegible] business in the town of Halsey, [illegible] H. HAWLEY.

FOR SALE.

TO MACHINISTS AND FOUNDRYMEN. A [illegible] WILLIAM COLLIER, [illegible] Portland.

SECOND HAND MACHINERY FOR SALE.

[illegible] Engines [illegible] One pair Ship Pumps.

WM. COLLIER,
68 and 70 Madison st., Portland.

ARCHITECTS AND ENGINEERS.

ARCHITECTS.

[illegible] of Portland, and W. F. McCAW, [illegible] have entered into partnership under the name of [illegible] & McCAW, Architects, and are prepared to furnish designs for all classes of buildings and superintendence when required at reasonable terms. Office Room 20, Dekum's Building, First St., Portland, Or.

WM. STOKES,
ARCHITECT,
Superintendent and Surveyor of Buildings,
First National Bank building, First street, Room 13, third floor.

REFERENCES—H. W. Corbett, Prof. R. K. Warren, J. Fred. Clark & Co., Dr. W. K. Smith, J. C. Carson.

H. W. & T. H. OGILBE,
CIVIL ENGINEERS AND DRAUGHTSMEN,
Special Attention given to City Work.
Office—Room 16, Ainsworth Block, Third and Oak streets.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

SHOES! SHOES! BOOTS. BOOTS.

Received from Eastern Houses, a consignment of Sixty Thousand Dollars' worth of Boots and Shoes, which we will sell for the Next Thirty Days so as to give one and all, far and near, a show to buy cheap. Only two pairs of each kind of shoes will be sold to each customer, as these prices are 20 per cent. lower than the New York market rates. The following are the prices:

American Kid Button Shoes	$2 00
Cur Kid, worked button-holes	2 25
Cur Kid, the very latest styles, French Vamp	2 50
Ladies' Pebbled Goat, worked button-holes	2 25
Ladies' Pebbled Goat Shoes	2 50
Ladies' Oil Pebbled Goat, best in the market	3 00
Ladies' Pebbled Goat, cork soles	3 25
Ladies' Pebbled Goat, tap soles	3 25
Ladies' French Kid	$4 to 4 50 and upwards

Gentlemen's wear will be sold in the same proportion as the prices above.

Dont forget the place—

New York Boot & Shoe House

No. 108 First st., bet. Yamhill and Taylor, Portland, Or.

HYMAN GALLICK, Prop'r.

BLANK BOOKS.

LARGEST STOCK,

LOWEST PRICES.

AT

J. K. GILL & CO'S.

93 First St.

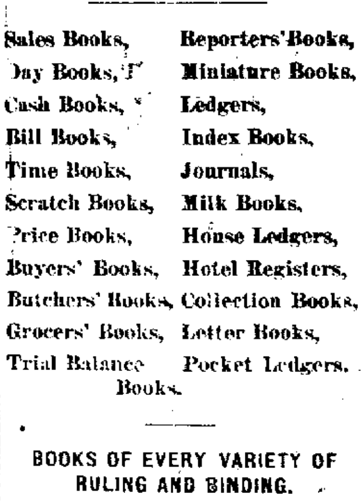
Sales Books,	Reporters' Books,
Day Books,	Miniature Books,
Cash Books,	Ledgers,
Bill Books,	Index Books,
Time Books,	Journals,
Scratch Books,	Milk Books,
Price Books,	House Ledgers,
Buyers' Books,	Hotel Registers,
Butchers' Books,	Collection Books,
Grocers' Books,	Letter Books,
Trial Balance Books.	Pocket Ledgers.

BOOKS OF EVERY VARIETY OF RULING AND BINDING.

AGENT FOR

"GRAVES' PATENT INDEX."

HOLIDAY GOODS.



HOEY FACTORY AND WAREROOMS.

DIPHTHERIA.

[illegible]

AUCTION AND [illegible]

GILMAN & Co., Auctioneers and Commission [illegible]

REGULAR AUCTION [illegible] HOUSEHOLD FUR[illegible] FRIDAY, JAN. [illegible]

NEW AUCTION [illegible] JAMES ARMS[illegible] Real Estate and [illegible]

WM. COLE [illegible]

The Daily Oregonian

THURSDAY MORNING, JAN. 4, 1883.

GAMBETTA.

Extensive Preparations for his Funeral—The Result of the Autopsy—Tributes from ex-Minister Washburne—Further Press Comments.

[SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE OREGONIAN.]

PARIS, Jan. 3.—The decomposition of Gambetta's body, hastened by muggy weather, has been extraordinarily rapid. The aspect of the face became so shocking that the idea of having the body lie in state in Palais Bourbon has been abandoned. Watchers by the corpse have kept wadding saturated with a disinfectant, to their nose. [illegible] The French father has consented to a state funeral. The French government will devote great respect to meet the cost of the funeral. At the autopsy to-day the top of the head was removed and the brain extracted. The latter will be given to the anthropological society.

Official report of the autopsy shows there had been long standing inflammation of the bowels, which led to the contraction of small intestines. The autopsy proves that the pistol wound ... had no connection with the cause of Gambetta's death.

Strenuous efforts are making to procure judicial investigation of the circumstances under which Gambetta received his wound.

Telegrams of condolence received by the family of Gambetta include one from the American consul at Lyons.

Gambetta's Coffin.

PARIS, Jan. 3.—Fifteen professors and physicians performed the autopsy on the body of Gambetta. The embalming process was then begun. The coffin is made of fir wood and lined with satin, has been placed in a leaden casket and festooned with the tri-colored flag. The casket will be placed in an oaken coffin with silver mountings. The hall of the ground floor of the Palais Bourbon will be transformed into a complete chapelle.

More Editorial Comments.

BERLIN, Jan. 3.—The *North German Gazette* says that to Germans Gambetta ever appeared the personification of revenge. His name is associated with the sound of the trumpet, but there has also ever existed in Germany a generous appreciation of his merit and greatness of character. Germany does not hesitate to lay a wreath on the bier of the enemy with whom she victoriously wrestled in a brave and honest struggle. German military authorities unreservedly acknowledge the talents of the deceased. It is not our affair to sympathize with his political career, but only sympathize with the fate of the patriot who died not in despair of the star of his fatherland.

VIENNA, Jan. 3.—The *Deutsch Zeitung* says: The death of Gambetta unanimously increases the chances of peace and will disturb the warlike plans of Russia.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 3.—The *Novoe Vremya* says Gambetta's death is an irreparable loss to France and Europe.

The *Golos* says: The French republic is without a head, and its chances of a prolonged existence disappear.

Austrian official journals observe great reserve in their reference to Gambetta's death.

The *Neue Freie Presse* considers it a mistake to suppose revenge has died with Gambetta.

The *Fremden Blatt* doubts if Gambetta's death will be favorable to the peace of Europe.

Reactionary papers express the opinion that the French republic died with Gambetta.

Le Debats declares that much may be forgiven Gambetta, in consideration of his love for France.

BERLIN, Jan. 3.—The *National Gazette* referring to the death of Gambetta says: The republic being regarded as a pledge of peace, the death of its principal supporter must be regarded as a political loss.

Other papers express sympathy, and praise Gambetta's patriotism, the *Germania* alone uttering a word of censure, saying that he knew how to amass riches in the hour of his country's misfortune.

Incidents in Gambetta's Life.

CHICAGO, Jan. 3.—The *Tribune* has a long letter by telegraph from Hon. E. B. Washburne, of San Antonio. It gives a reminiscence of Gambetta while Washburne was minister to France. He says a great light has gone out and the world loses one of the most gifted, brilliant and eloquent men of the age. He was distinguished even in 1869, though a young member of the chamber of deputies, and being in the front rank of the little band of able and courageous men, who made a fight against the empire in the pride and arrogance of its power, was concerned in those turbulent and exciting scenes in the chamber before war was declared and the empire fell. He was cool when the people broke up the chamber of deputies, and flocked to the hotel De Ville, where the dethronement of the emperor was to take place. Appearing at one of the windows of the palace Gambetta proclaimed the republic of France and threw to the crowd below little lists containing the names of the deputies who were to constitute the provisional government of France under the name of the government of the national defence. Such a shout of deliverance went up from the great throng as has rarely been heard in the world's history. The new ministry, with Gambetta at its head, immediately took possession of their offices. He relates his own difficulties in protecting German interests while the empire lived and the astonishing grasp with which Gambetta at once understood the whole question. Calling on him, he found a young man of ordinary height and size, (he afterwards became heavy), with fine manners, agreeable address, handsome face, long, black, glossy hair, and full beard. He did everything possible, and did it immediately, to mitigate the troubles of the Germans. Gambetta being selected as representative to the tours mission, he did not shrink from a hazardous trip from the city in a balloon, and made the trip safely. He soon became in fact dictator of France, and the true history of that dictatorship has yet to be written. It will become one of the most interesting episodes in the history of France. Single-handed and alone he aroused the drooping spirits of the people, raised and equipped armies, and accomplished all that mortal could in stemming the tide of disaster which was overwhelming his country. He raised and disbursed the millions, gotten through Morgan & Co., in England, and the most rigid examination of his affairs by his enemies, when war was over, only showed his hands were clean and his record unstained. The greatest speech of his life was that made at Versailles on the occasion of President MacMahon's coup d'etat in turning away his republican ministry and replacing it with a ministry hostile to the republic.

Mr. Washburne has at his house a portrait of Gambetta painted expressly for him.

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

CALIFORNIA.

Bogus Warrants.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 3.—A discovery was made yesterday afternoon that a large number of bogus warrants had been issued on the general fund of the treasury of Alameda county from County Clerk M. P. Kay. The deputy in the latter office, who was standing near by when the discovery was made, expressed great surprise, but was unable to account for the fraud. He said he would look into the matter carefully after dinner. He then went out, ostensibly to a restaurant, but has not been seen since. A warrant for his arrest has been issued. A subsequent investigation revealed the fact that thirty-six warrants had been issued. Total defalcation, $10,200.

Honors to Gambetta.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 3.—A large meeting of French citizens was held this evening for the purpose of taking steps to manifest, in a befitting manner, respect to the memory of the dead statesman, Gambetta. After some discussion on the notable absence of mourning at the French consulate, in which considerable indignation was excited, it was decided to have memorial services with a public demonstration, and, to secure the co-operation of all resident Frenchmen. The programme will include an oration and various minor addresses. Dispatches expressive of condolence were sent to the president of the French republic, and also to Californians at present in Paris, requesting them to place a wreath on Gambetta's bier.

The Southern Pacific.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 3.—Telegrams received at the office of the Southern Pacific railroad state that track laying in Texas is not yet completed. About 2000 feet remain to be graded and track laid thereon before the union of the east and west is made. Work at this point is extremely difficult and progress considerably impeded by obstacles in the vicinity of the junction.

Jute Factory Suspended.

The Pacific jute factory, at Oakland, has ceased operations after having expended $331,000 capital and assessments aggregating $150,000. The factory gave employment during late years to several hundred men and made an average of 6,000,000 wheat bags per annum. It is said on change that the principal difficulty encountered by the projectors of this enterprise, was the opposition jute factory at the state prison at San Quentin. Mills at the latter place have been running a large force of convicts, and a ready market is found for bags manufactured there.

A Big Suit.

The managers of the Grand opera house have commenced suit against Jay Rial to recover $7000 for breach of contract. It is alleged that negotiations were closed for the appearance of Uncle Tom's Cabin from Chicago west and then through Oregon, but that Rial after reaching this city failed to carry out the remainder of the contract.

At Truckee, California.

TRUCKEE, Jan. 3.—This morning at two o'clock fire broke out in Chinatown, and before the flames were checked twenty-five buildings were consumed, including some of the principal business places. Loss $15,000. It is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary.

NEVADA.

Mining Suit.

EUREKA, Jan. 2.—Garber & Thornton, of San Francisco, have started a suit in the district court here to recover from the Eureka Consolidated Mining Co., $60,000, the balance claimed by them for legal services rendered the company.

New Constitution Wanted—A Defaulter's Bond.

CARSON, Jan. 3.—A resolution was introduced in the house this morning calling for a joint committee to report upon the advisability of calling for a state convention to frame a new constitution.

In the United States circuit court yesterday, a verdict was rendered in favor of the government for $6035.36 on the bond of Thos. R. Mosely, ex-pension agent of this place.

EASTERN WASHINGTON.

Notes from Walla Walla.

WALLA WALLA, Jan. 3.—A woman named Jennie Justice, whose parents reside in Portland, attempted suicide at the Maison de Joie, known as the "Mix house," in this city. She took laudanum on account of a lover who had neglected her. A good strong antidote was administered and she is far from being an angel.

The money order business of the past year was $165,758. Postal statistics as published in the New Year's number of the Daily Statesman, show bust means for a population of four times the number of the actual inhabitants here. Everything in the city and county is very prosperous. The county is out of debt and chances are good for a large surplus in the treasury. The public schools are on a good basis. The total amount of money paid for transfers in real estate for the year is within a very few dollars of one million. Business prospects were never better and the building of brick stores in this city will be the principal object of property owners the coming year.

The New Year's OREGONIAN was the subject of universal compliment and approbation among all classes of citizens.

FOR FIFTY YEARS EXPERIENCE OF AN OLD NURSE.—Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and has been used for forty years with never failing success by millions of mothers for their children. It relieves the child from pain, cures dysentery and diarrhoea, griping in the bowels, and wind-colic. By giving health to the child it rests the mother. Price Twenty-five cents a bottle.

FRANCE AND COMMERCE.

WEDNESDAY, Jan. 3.

The general tone of markets, both local and foreign, is favorable to the farming population. Wheat still appears to be in the ascendant, as regards the San Francisco prices. The relations existing between wheat and freights are likely to force a decline as soon as vessels on hand are disposed of. Charters are now about as follows: ... [illegible] ... wheat to be grounding into flour and shipped in that state.

Commercial Notes.

[illegible]

This vessel marks a new departure in the freight-ing business with the Pacific, and its success with the success which her owners and builders anticipate the auxiliary screw ship will probably be the ship of the future in that trade. Perhaps there is no one thing in the whole history of trade and commerce that is of more interest to the present generation of Americans than the growth of steam navigation. During the last twenty years ocean steam transportation has risen to an influence and power that was hardly anticipated by the most far-seeing and sanguine of its advocates. The screw propeller, which it was said, never could be made applicable, for want of sufficient speed to mail and passenger boats, has now come to be the favorite mode of propulsion for seagoing steamers. The quickest passages ever made across the Atlantic have been by screw steamers. Steam navigation has not only effected an entire change in the carrying of passengers of all classes, but has seriously contended with sailing vessels in certain lines of trade for the transport of not simply light and valuable goods, but of raw materials and heavy and bulky articles of commerce as well, and as cheaply as they can be carried by sailing vessels. But great and astonishing as has been the advancement in the mode of applying steam as a propelling power to vessels, it has by no means completed its destined course and become satisfied to rest on past achievements, and to glory only in what has been accomplished. The wants and demands of this age of intelligence and commercial enterprise still call loudly for greater perfection, and inventive brains on both continents are active in seeking to work out new means of gaining speed and space with less expense than by the modes now used. The George W. Homer is destined to supply a want that has long been felt in the California and Oregon trades. The continuous water route is too long for a vessel propelled by steam only, and the voyage occupies too much time for sailing vessels, which are often becalmed for weeks together. An average passage between New York and San Francisco is about 130 days, but is often much longer. A vessel with an auxiliary screw to steam through calms will, it is believed, shorten the passage by about six weeks. Such economy and regularity in time is an important item to merchants. The United States has justly gained a name for being among the foremost in all useful improvements and great enterprises, and it will be destructive to our future maritime prosperity and a stain on our commercial brand if we do not become more active participants in the progress we have helped to make, and which is now going forward at such a rapid pace in ocean navigation. What we have heretofore accomplished we can easily do again, and recover our old ascendant position, and that without government aid, if only the same freedom and encouragement are given the navigation interest in the United States that are now so readily bestowed upon the same interest in other leading maritime countries.

The Business Outlook.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—Dun & Co. report 6738 failures the past year, against 5582 in 1881; liabilities $101,000,000, against $81,000,000 the preceding year. These figures are not interpreted as unfavorable since the number of firms has greatly increased. ... The failures are not half as great as in 1879. Dunn & Co. have brought a list of failures down to the close of the year 1882, thus securing greater accuracy than was possible in the statement given out by them ... [illegible] ... It is stated, is only a strained feature in the prospect, for while the trade of the country is reported not to be in the most healthy order, the condition of the country itself was never more prosperous.

Portland Produce Market.

FLOUR—Market is firm. Receipts to-day were 2774 bbls. We quote: Capitol Mills, high grade, $5 25; superfine, $3 50@3 75; Oregon City Mills, best, $5 25; Salem Flouring mills, extra, $5 25.

WHEAT—Market is rather dull. Business has been brought almost to a standstill, with little disposition on the part of holders to sell at present prices. Quotations are about $1 73 bid, $1 75 asked. The latter might be obtained for a choice lot delivered on board. Receipts to-day were 12,053 centals.

BARLEY—But little in the market. Brewers take mostly supplies from California. Good brewing is quotable at about $1 40.

OATS—Fairly firm. Receipts are small. Prices vary from 61c for best feed to 62½c for choice milling.

MILLSTUFF—Very firm market. Bran quotable at $20@22; middlings $30@35; chop, $30@40; shorts, $25@27.

OIL CAKE MEAL—Quotable at $32@35 per ton.

HOPS—Really no market. Quotations in San Francisco are ...

CORN MEAL—A good table article is quotable at $3 ⅌ ctl.

POTATOES—We quote 55c ⅌ bushel. Sweets out of the market.

ONIONS—Good variety, $1@1 25 ⅌ ctl.

BEANS—Small whites are worth $4 25 per ctl.; Bayos, $4 25; pinks $4; butter $4 25.

VEGETABLES—Cabbage 2c per pound; cauliflower $2 per dozen.

FRUIT—Apples in boxes are worth 50@60c; pears 75c; oranges (California) $6 per box; lemons $6 50@8 00; cranberries scarce at $16 50 per bbl.

DRIED FRUIT—Plummer dried apples in boxes 9@10c; plums 9@11c; Oregon prunes 12c; German prunes 10c; raisins $2 50 per box, with advance of 25c for fractions; peaches 10c; California figs 9c; Smyrna figs 25c.

NUTS—Almonds, California 15c; walnuts 10@12c; peanuts 10c; filberts 15c; cocoanuts 8c.

HONEY—Comb 18@20c; strained 10@12c.

BUTTER—Receipts of Oregon were fair. We quote best Oregon dairy 30c; California fresh roll 31@34c; common 20@25c.

POULTRY—Chickens $4 50@5 00 per doz.; ducks $8; turkeys, none in the market.

EGGS—Market dull. We quote 35c per doz.

PROVISIONS—Market good. Oregon hams exclude Eastern from market, and latter are hardly quotable. Choice Oregon hams 16@19c; bacon 12@15c; lard, in pails, 16@17½c; lard, in tins, 15½@16c.

WOOL—Market very dull. Good varieties quotable at 20c per pound.

HIDES—Green hides 8c; dry 15c per pound.

HAY—Choice timothy, baled, $12 50 per ton.

Portland Meat Market.

Slaughterers' rates to dealers are as follows:

BEEF—First quality 7¾c, with slight advance for stall-fed; second do. 7c, third do. 6c.

VEAL—Small 8c, large 6½@7c, choice 8c.

MUTTON—Wethers 3¾c; ewes 3c.

LAMB—Quotable at 4c.

PORK—We quote live hogs at 5c, or 7@7½c dressed weight.

San Francisco Markets.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 3.

Receipts—31,000 ctls; flour, none; oats, 325 ctls; potatoes, 650 sks; eggs, 400 dozen.

Freights—There is no improvement to note either in demand or values. The amount of disengaged iron tonnage is amply sufficient to meet all demands likely to be made upon it, while wood is in excessive supply.

CHARTERS.

To Cork, U. K. or continent, between Bordeaux and Antwerp, Am ship Carrie Clark, 1292 tons, reported to be 37s 6d; direct port, 35s; for Cork, U. K., Havre or Antwerp, Br ship Parthenia, wood, 1381 tons, 35s; the Fr bark Buenos Ayres will load dyewood from Mexico to Europe.

Wheat—There is a fair demand for shipment. The market is steady at full prices. Buyers are seeking round lots of strictly choice, and for such are offering $1 72½. We quote the spot market the same as before. Futures firm; No. 1 white, buyer February, $1 82½@1 82¾.

Flour—The demand is a little better, stocks of all kinds are ample, market firm at unchanged quotations.

Barley—Feed quiet; buyers and sellers disagree; spot market quotable at $1 25@1 30 asked for jobbing lots; No. 1 feed, barley, February, $1 22@1 23; March, $1 25 buyer the season, $1 25.

Oats—Prices are firm for choice; sale of good Oregon feed, $1 65; Nebraska offering, $1 65@1 70.

Potatoes—Are not materially changed, yet a slight tendency in sellers favor is noted. Choice Petaluma and tomales sold to-day at $1; Cuffey Cove $1 12½; Garnet Chile held at $1 25@1 35.

Hides—Dry, usual selection, 19; kip, 19; calf, 20@22c.

Tallow—7@8c.

Provisions—Market easy; bacon, medium, 14@14½; lard, California, 5 to 10 lbs, 15½@15¾; eastern refined, 3 to 5 lbs, 15½@15¾.

Beans—Eastern, C. S. C. fair to good, 17½@18½.

Eggs—Fresh California, easy at unchanged quotations.

Butter—Fresh roll, 25@26½; prices favor buyers.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.

Wheat—Steady at $1 05@1 12.

Flour—Steady.

Wool—Dull.

Chicago Markets.

CHICAGO, Jan. 3.

Wheat—Steady; 93¾, January.

Pork—Lower; $16 85 asked January.

Lard—Weak, lower, $10 17½, January.

Ribs—Steady; $8 70 January.

Beerbohm's English Market Report

LONDON, Jan. 3.

Floating cargoes—Firmly held.

Cargoes on passage—Quiet but steady.

Cargoes ... quiet but steady.

... of ... California, ... 45s.

English country markets steady.

French country markets quiet.

Imports into United Kingdom ...

Imports into United Kingdom, flour, ...

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 3.

Spot market—Steady.

Quantity of wheat on passage to the United Kingdom, ... qrs.

Chicago Wheat Market.

CHICAGO, Jan. 3.—Wheat stronger and higher; 93¾c for January, 94¾c for February.

EASTERN FREIGHT SITUATION.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—The eastern freight market continues to present a very quiet tone, and the contracting that it is to early in the new year to expect any improvement. The fact is that the market as a whole is relieved, but it is as yet not made apparent to his local needs, as it would be in the absence of ... [illegible] ... The market is very quiet. Advices from New York report ... [illegible]

The Hawaiian Treaty.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—A Herald's Washington special says: ... [illegible] ... the Hawaiian treaty ... The house committee on foreign affairs, has had the introduction of a reference to last session in three bills and one joint resolution on the subject. It is but a reaffirmation of the same. The purpose of two of these are to terminate the convention or treaty of June 3, 1875, with His Majesty the King of the Hawaiian Islands. The other relates to providing for the collection of duties imposed by law upon all articles imported from the islands above the grade of sugar known as 15 in the market of San Francisco and Portland as Sandwich Island sugar. The house joint resolution before the committee has reference to the establishment of a customs union treaty with the government of the Hawaiian Islands. It requests the president to open negotiations looking to the formation of a customs union with Hawaii, by which free customs tariff of the United States shall be applied to those islands and all goods coming from countries other than the United States. While the majority of the committee are considering the treaty critically, they will agree to give the required twelve months notice to suspend commercial relations. A joint resolution and bill for the same purpose have been for some time before the senate committee on foreign relations.

Money Markets.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 3.—Sterling exchange on London bankers, 60 days, weak $4 80; documentary, $4 79.

Transfers, par to 5.

Bank of England rate of interest, 5 per cent.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—Sterling exchange, prime bankers, long, 4 81, short, 4 85.

Good commercial from 1 to 2½ lower; documentary, 2 to 1¾c lower.

Silver bullion, 1 00 fine, per fine ounce, 108¼.

U. S. Bonds—3½s, 103; 4½s, 113½; 4s, 119⅛.

LONDON, Jan. 3.—Silver bullion, English standard, 925 fine, per fine ounce 50 3-4.

U. S. Bonds—3½s, 104½; 4½s, 115⅞; 4s, 122¾.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

Shipping Notes.

Two vessels of the same name are now in the lower river. The American ship Corsica lies on the water at Astoria unloading cargo, while the British bark Corsica lies underneath the waves at the Columbia's mouth.

British ship Pendragon cleared yesterday for Liverpool with a cargo of flour and wheat. She will finish at Astoria.

Am steamer San Pedro, Philadelphia for Tacoma touched bottom while proceeding down Delaware river Tuesday night, but got off and left on her voyage unhurt.

Departures.

WEDNESDAY, Jan. 3.

British Pendragon, Morrish, with flour and wheat for Liverpool; str Queen of the Pacific, Alexander, with passengers and mdse for San Francisco.

American Ports.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 3.—Arrived—Bktn J. M. Griffiths, Seaberg, str Dakota, Victoria and Sound ports; str Mary D Hume, Rogue river; sh Yosemite, Tacoma; schr Ida; Coos bay; schr Annie Larsen, Schoalwater bay; bk Samoset, Tacoma; sh Melrose, Tacoma; Am sh B Walker, Bal more; bk Kitsap, Honolulu.

Sailed—10:30 A. M., str Columbia; schr Argonaut.

Outside—4 P. M. Pr bk President, Iquique.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—Arrived—Str San Blas, Aspinwall.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 2.—Sailed—Str San Pedro, Tacoma.

Foreign Ports.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 1.—Arrived—Am bk Annie Johnson, 118 days from the Columbia river.

VALPARAISO, Nov. 30.—Sailed—Fr bk Felix Faure, for Puget Sound.

OFF CAPE HORN, Nov. 17.—Am bk Agate from C. Wichan, B. C., for South Africa.

Astoria Shipping.

Jan. 3.—Br bk Lord Kinnaird finished loading yesterday, and is anchored at Sand Island.

Str General Miles arrived in Tuesday P. M.

Am sh Corsica discharging.

Ger bk Priscilla left up yesterday at 8 A. M.

Br bk Beewick left up yesterday at 1 P. M.

Str Queen of the Pacific arrived down at 1:30 P. M. yesterday.

Weather—Snowy, wind east.

4:30 P. M.—Arrived down, Mountain Queen.

The str Queen of the Pacific crossed out at 4 P. M.

The Brsh release, from Portland, 131 days out, from Glasgow via Plymouth, to Balfour, Guthrie & Co., arrived in this afternoon and anchored at Sand Island.

5 P. M.—Nothing moving. Weather—Clear; wind northeast.

Astoria Items.

The General Miles arrived in a few days ago from Shoalwater bay with 145 sacks of oysters, all of which went aboard the Oregon on last trip.

Yesterday the Miles arrived from Gray's Harbor with 36,000 feet of cedar lumber. She towed the schr Jas A Garfield from Astoria to Gray's Harbor in eight hours.

The Queen of the Pacific took on a large quantity of salmon for San Francisco.

The Shubrick goes to Tillamook Rock soon as weather permits.

Maritime Miscellany.

The Ship Owners' and Merchants' Tug-Boat Company of San Francisco have closed a contract with the Fulton Iron Works of that place, for a tug-boat 120 feet long over all and having engines of 450 horse power. She is to be ready for service on the 24th of February. The same company has contracted with Dennison & Co. for a boat 82 feet in length over all and of about 250 horse power, which will be completed as early as possible in the spring. The contract for building the hull of the larger boat has been sublet to George Boole and the smaller one to M. Turner. Both will be constructed under the personal supervision of Capt. B. F. Sherburne, the superintendent of the new company.

The direction of the Bureau Veritas has published the following statistics of maritime disasters, reported during the month of October, 1882, concerning all flags: Sailing vessels reported lost—6 American, 4 Austrian, 57 British, 6 Danish, 10 Dutch, 12 French, 17 German, 6 Greek, 6 Italian, 11 Norwegian, 1 Russian, 8 Spanish and 4 Swedish—total, 141. In this number are included 14 vessels reported missing. Steamers reported lost—11 British, 1 French, 1 German and 2 Spanish—total, 15.

GET RICH.

When hops are $1 25 per lb. as now, and everyone can yield stop profit, and get the best family medicine on earth, Hop Bitters, and remain the same quantity of hops in each bottle as they did at the same price 10 years ago, ... [illegible] ... Hop Bitters and get rich in health.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

OCCIDENTAL HOTEL.

J Sanders, Portland	W Abraham, Roseburg
P G Daily, city	J Kaiser, Salem
E Sisser, do	C Wallace, do
L L Ladd, do	J S Andrews, do
W Watt, Molalla	J Burns, do
E Mallott, Suttleville	P C Heizler, Salem
J J Pitman & wf, Miller	H L Hippner, Juan Bay
F E Newman, Vane	W F Davidson, St Paul
W Nelson, Sauvie Isl	Miss Wiltt, Vane
J Jones, Butler Creek	B Valey, do
W S Powell, Dayton	J Morrison, Elkton
R Weston, Amity	G N Fawcett, Corvallis
W Jones, do	J W Swank, Brownsville
D S Ayers, do	F Riley, do
S Watson, Salem	J S Andrews, N Yamhill
M Kyle, Astoria	J Magee, Eureka
M S Ferry, Reedville	W Blaze, do
R A Heliman, do	J Magee, do
C A Stolleson, do	J E Coburn, do
C B Hubbard, Jewells	F Hubert, Cascades
G Miller, Vane	R Carlos, St Johns
J Cooley, Salem	H McIntyre & wf, Champoeg
F Gardner, do	...
F A Ware, do	W Tucker, do
C B Shattuck, Sauv Isl	J Fletcher, do
E C Sherman, Amity	C McGaffey, do
D Billings, do	Mrs M Hunter, do
E Eberhard & wf, Champ'g	M Gilliam, Orchard, do
Mrs M Ac..., do	Mrs Brown, do

THE ESMOND.

W R Gilfry, Creswell	J Hunter, S F
C Andrews, Cascades	J S Eastwood, Santa Cruz
A M White, W W	J Scher, N Y
D Betts, Astoria	J M Garrison & wf, Tiborp
Miss J C Richardson, Vane	H Frank, S F
Mrs W M Sheevers, do	J S Freeman, Hillsboro
Miss L Baker, do	R H Hereward & wf, Fo...
J M Prows & wf, Eugene	L C Forest, do
R F Radebaugh, N Tac	Wm Bright, S F
O F Sullivan, N Y	R Trask, do
Lt Park, Vancouver	J Strouse & wf, Seattle
Lt D Moody, do	R Snyder, Columbia City
E Franklin, Sioux City	R M Saul, S F
H Frank, do	J B McMurry, Oakland
J T Mann, Sacramento	W A Holder, Seattle
Ed Donnell, W W	S Gillispie, Omaha

CLARENDON.

D Pollock, Or City	W A Bailey, Walla Walla
C F Curry, Seattle	J S Watt, do
H J Burroughs, Dalles	A Andrews, Cascades
J Lorimer, do	C J Metley, W W
T J Warner, do	J Jolley, Salem
K W Crandal, do	... Vancouver
S Davenport, Tenino	J P Goodloe, Walla W
C A White, Kalama	Miss A Goodloe, do
F R Stillman, Astoria	Mrs L Goodloe, do
G T Murray, do	H Sumpter, Westport

MINING STOCK REPORT.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 3.

[illegible]

THE EAST SIDE.

STREET IMPROVEMENTS.

During the year 1882 ordinances passed for the improvement of streets in East Portland as follows:

April 3.—C street, from Fifth to Eleventh, grading full width, gravel roadway 24 feet wide, sidewalks ... [illegible]

Sept. 4.—Holladay avenue from First street to western terminus ... [illegible]

[illegible]

COUNCIL ...

At the regular meeting of Mount Tabor ... [illegible] ...

ARRESTS, ETC.

During December, 1882, there were eight arrests in East Portland, seven of which were for drunk and disorderly and one for shooting within the city limits, considering the period of the holiday season the record is a good one.

VIOLATING THE SUNDAY LAW.

Yesterday, on complaint of Marshal Lavelle, John Vent, Hank Peine and John DeBoest, saloon-keepers, were arrested for violating ordinance No. 192, in that they did wilfully and unlawfully carry on a business and occupation of selling, dispensing or delivering on their own account malt and spirituous liquors to be drunk on their premises. All defendants pleaded guilty and being their first offense, were each fined the lightest penalty, viz. $10 each. The case of the arrest originated with John Went, who threw open his front doors on Christmas eve, and refused to close them when called to do so by the marshal. The circumstance led Peine to follow suit, on the ground that he was entitled to the same privilege. On this account the marshal was enabled to obtain conclusive evidence of their guilt. On the following Sunday the marshal also obtained evidence against John DeBoest by the admissions of parties who were in his house, and consequently the latter had no alternative but to arrest him along with the others. As there appears to be a disposition on the part of some to blame the marshal with partiality in this affair, that officer wishes it understood that he had no evidence of the guilt of other parties, and as soon as such presents itself he will not scruple to do his duty as he has in the present instance. One gentleman treated the matter good-naturedly, saying that as he took in $100 on the day for which he was arrested, or keeping his house open he could well afford to pay $20, and would be willing to pay that every week for the same privilege.

ASSAULT AND BATTERY.

Jas. Lawrence, for whose arrest on the charge of assault and battery on one Jno. Trickel a warrant had been issued from Justice Bullock's court, was arrested by Constable Culver yesterday, and being arraigned, pleaded guilty and was fined $10. The affair was the result of a dispute concerning the respectability of payment of a drink, "Jim" being at the time of anyone trying to "shanghai" him, as reported by a contemporary.

LODGE NOTICES.

Washington Lodge A. F. & A. M., occupied their elegant new hall in Ross & Story's building for the first time last evening. Dedication ceremonies will be held at an early day.

The first public installation of Fidelity Lodge, A. O. U. W., of East Portland will take place at their hall this evening. After the installation musical and literary exercises will take place, for which no mean talent has been secured. A pleasant and profitable time is assured.

The newly elected officers of Orient Lodge, I. O. O. F., of East Portland, will be installed at their hall Saturday evening next, after which supper and sociability will constitute the remainder of the evening. Each member will be entitled to a limited number of tickets for family or friends, which can be obtained from Mr. J. T. Stewart, and without which no person other than members will be admitted.

MORE LIGHT.

East Portland will be illuminated by eighteen additional lamps this evening, located on the principal streets. This increases the number to 24. If the lighting is properly attended to, a long-felt want will be supplied and appreciated accordingly.

TUTT'S PILLS

SYMPTOMS OF A TORPID LIVER.

Loss of Appetite, Bowels costive, Pain in the Head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the Shoulder blade, fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, Weariness, Dizziness, Fluttering at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, Yellow Skin, Headache generally over the right eye, Restlessness, with fitful dreams, highly colored Urine, and

CONSTIPATION.

TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, one dose effects such a change of feeling as to astonish the sufferer.

They Increase the Appetite, and cause the body to Take on Flesh, thus the system is nourished, and by their Tonic Action on the Digestive Organs, Regular Stools are produced. Price 25 cents. 35 Murray St., N. Y.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

GRAY HAIR OR WHISKERS changed to a GLOSSY BLACK by a single application of this DYE. It imparts a natural color, acts instantaneously. Sold by Druggists or sent by express on receipt of $1.

OFFICE, 35 MURRAY ST., NEW YORK.

Dr. TUTT'S MANUAL of Valuable Information and Useful Receipts will be mailed FREE on application.

KIDNEY-WORT

HAS BEEN PROVED The SUREST CURE for KIDNEY DISEASES.

Acts at the Same Time on Kidneys, Liver and Bowels.

Does a lame back or disordered urine indicate that you are a victim? THEN DO NOT HESITATE; use Kidney-Wort at once, (druggists recommend it) and it will speedily overcome the disease and restore healthy action.

Ladies. For complaints peculiar to your sex, such as pain and weaknesses, Kidney-Wort is unsurpassed, as it will act promptly and safely.

Either sex. Incontinence, retention of urine, brick dust or ropy deposits, and dull dragging pains, all speedily yield to its curative power.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. Price $1.

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HUMPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC VETERINARY SPECIFICS

FOR THE CURE OF ALL DISEASES OF HORSES, CATTLE, SHEEP, DOGS, HOGS, and POULTRY.

FOR TWENTY YEARS Humphreys' Homeopathic Veterinary Specifics have been used by Farmers, Stock Breeders, Livery Stable and Turfmen, Horse Railroads, Manufacturers, Coal Mining Companies, Trav'g Hippodromes and Menageries, and others handling stock, with perfect success.

Humphreys' Veterinary Manual, (330 pp.) sent free by mail on receipt of price, 50 cents.

Pamphlets sent free on application.

HUMPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC MED. CO., 109 Fulton Street, New York.

NERVOUS DEBILITY

HUMPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFIC No. 28.

Vital Weakness and Prostration, from over work or indiscretion, is radically and promptly cured by it. Been in use 20 years, is the most successful remedy known. Price $1 per vial, or 5 vials and large vial of powder for $5, sent post free on receipt of price. Humphreys' Homeo. Med. Co. Illust. Catalogue free. 109 Fulton St., N. Y.

$200.00 REWARD!

Will be paid for the detection and conviction of any person selling or dealing in any bogus, counterfeit or imitation HOP BITTERS, especially Bitters or preparations with the word HOP or HOPS in their name or connected therewith that is intended to mislead and cheat the public, or for any preparation put in any form, pretending to be the same as HOP BITTERS. The genuine have cluster of GREEN HOPS (notice this) printed on the white label, and are the purest and best medicine on earth, especially for Kidney, Liver and Nervous Diseases. Beware of all others, and of all pretended formulas or recipes of Hop Bitters published in papers or for sale, as they are frauds and swindles. Whoever deals in any but the genuine will be prosecuted.

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TRADE MARK.

THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY FOR RHEUMATISM,

Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Soreness of the Chest, Gout, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Swellings and Sprains, Burns and Scalds, General Bodily Pains, Tooth, Ear and Headache, Frosted Feet and Ears, and all other Pains and Aches.

No Preparation on earth equals St. Jacobs Oil as a safe, sure, simple and cheap External Remedy. A trial entails but the comparatively trifling outlay of 50 Cents, and every one suffering with pain can have cheap and positive proof of its claims.

Directions in Eleven Languages.

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PAYS INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.

RATES: Three per cent. per annum on deposits for three months; four per cent. per annum on deposits for six months; six per cent. per annum on deposits for twelve months.

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INTEREST ALLOWED DEPOSITORS

Four months 4 per cent.

Six months 5 "

Nine months 5 "

One year 6 "

FIVE MILLIONS OF DOLLARS, since 1874, loaned over Farms and City Properties.

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MAKES LOANS ON FIRST MORTGAGE OVER improved Farm Lands and Portland City Property, in sums of five hundred dollars and upwards; also on State, County and City Bonds and Warrants.

Interest Allowed on Time Deposits:

4 per cent per annum on 3 months' deposits

4½ per cent per annum on 6 months' deposits

5 per cent per annum on 9 months' deposits

6 per cent per annum on 12 months' deposits

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VAN B. DeLASHMUTT, President. | W. W. THAYER, Vice President. | P. HOOPS, Cashier.

Metropolitan Savings Bank

OF PORTLAND, OREGON,

PAYS INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.

RATES—6 PER CENT PER ANNUM ON DEPOSITS for three months; four per cent per annum on deposits for six months, six per cent per annum on deposits for twelve months.

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INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

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IRELAND—Provincial Bank of Ireland, National Bank of Ireland.

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Drafts and Telegraphic Transfers bought and sold. Bills discounted and collected, Loans made. Moneys received on deposit on current account subject to check. Commercial Credits granted, and a general Banking business transacted.

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(LIMITED.)

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England—National Provincial Bank of England.

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This bank transacts a general banking business. ... [illegible] ... Commercial Credits granted, available in Europe, New York, China, Japan, South America, Australia and New Zealand.

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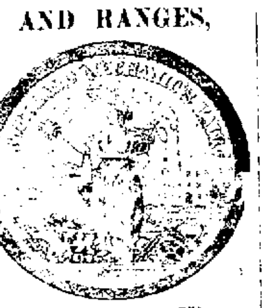

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TODD & BIVEN,

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WHOLESALE GROCERS,

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Fruits, Wool, Grain and all kinds of Produce.

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Successors to Rodgers, Meyer & Co,

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Steam and Household Coal, Foundry Coke, Pig Iron, Fire Bricks, English Salt, Cement, Sal Soda Crystals, Soda Ash, Caustic Soda, Bicarb Soda, Coke, Charcoal and Roofing Tin Plates, Block Tin, New and Second-hand Grain Bags, etc. etc.

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Will furnish carriages at reasonable rates for all outgoing and incoming steamships and all railroad trains, also for calling, riding, balls, parties and theaters, etc.

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Most Successful Physician on the Pacific Coast in the Treatment of

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DR. BRENAN WILL GUARANTEE TO CURE all forms of disease of the generative organs or private disease. He has become an expert in the treatment of disease, weakness and derangement of the generative organs of both male and female, including diseases caused by the

FOLLIES OF YOUTH,

Such as Spermatorrhoea, Seminal Weakness, or Loss of Perfect Vitality. Nearly two-thirds of all the chronic diseases spring either directly or indirectly from a disordered state of the system, and yet this subject is neglected by the majority of the Medical Profession.

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Office—Cor. Third St., opposite Masonic Hall. Office Hours—From 10 to 12 A.M., 2 to 5 and 7 to 8 P.M.

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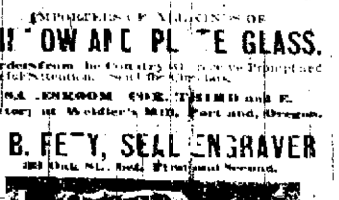

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THE STEAMER

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Which has been thoroughly refitted for the comfort of passengers, will leave the foot of Morrison street on Tuesday and Thursday of each week at 6 A. M., and on Sunday at 7 o'clock A. M. arriving at Astoria at 1 P. M. Returning, leaves Astoria Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6 A. M. arriving in Portland at 2 P. M.

Passengers by this route connect with the train ...

E. B. SCOTT, President.

VANCOUVER TRANSPORTATION CO.

STRS. LURLINE or VANCOUVER, CAPT. JAS. T. GRAY, leave Portland at 3 P. M. and Vancouver at 8 A. M. daily, Sundays excepted. For freight or passage apply on board at foot of Yamhill street. Northrup & Thompson's dock.

TOWING between 6 A. M. and 3 P. M.

For Harrisburg, Corvallis, Albany and Salem.

The Str. A. A. McCully, Leaves Pacific Dock for the above and intermediate points on the Willamette river semi-weekly.

For freight or passage apply at the office foot of Salmon street. Z. J. HATCH.

FOR UPPER WILLAMETTE,

STEAMER "SALEM,"

E. W. SPENCER, Capt.

... regular trips as above from foot Madison street. Towing and Lightering to and from Astoria on orders. Also Job Towing on the Lower Willamette.

FOR COWLITZ RIVER.

Steamer JOS. KELLOGG, from foot of Yamhill street, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 7 A. M., via Willamette Slough, touching at St. Helens, Columbia City, Kalama, Carroll's Point, Rainier, Cedar Landing, Monticello, Freeport and way points. From Freeport, Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

OCEAN STEAMERS.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN PACKET Co.

THE MAGNIFICENT CLYDE-BUILT steamships of this line—Cimbria, Bellert, Lessing, Suevia, Westphalia, and Wieland—leave New York for Plymouth, London, Cherbourg and Hamburg every THURSDAY. C. B. Richard & Co., General Agents, 61 Broadway, New York, or J. F. Menke & Co., 401 California street, San Francisco.

Steamship and Railroad Tickets ... Money Orders and Drafts. Issue Orders of ... through Freight and Express Parcels to all ... towns in Germany, Austria, Hungary, Belgium, France, Great Britain, Switzerland, Italy, Roumania, Russia, Poland, Scandinavia, Sweden, Norway, Spain, Netherlands and the Orient. OLDENDORFF, HARVEY & CO., Agents, Portland, Or.

ILWACO STEAM NAVIGATION CO'S

Steamer GEN. MILES

Will leave Gray's dock, Astoria,

TILLAMOOK BAY about JAN. 5, 1883,

AND FOR

FOR GRAY'S HARBOR about Jan. 10th.

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From New York,

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A1 FIRST-CLASS CLIPPER-SHIP

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.... Master

Will follow the "Harry Morse," and have quick dispatch. Shippers will please send their orders and make their engagements as early as possible as he will not be delayed.

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THE BEST OF ALL KINDS OF MEATS CAN be found at John Halley's, on Oak street, between First and Second.

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Is prepared to supply Fresh

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Highest cash price paid for all kinds of fat stock.

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FROM SAN FRANCISCO

State, Saturday, Dec. 30; Columbia, Wed'y, Jan. 3; Oregon, Saturday, Jan. 6; Queen, Wed'y, Jan. 10; State, Saturday, Jan. 13; Columbia, Wed'y, Jan. 17; Oregon, Saturday, Jan. 20; Queen, Wednesday, Jan. 24; State, Saturday, Jan. 27; Columbia, Wed'y, Jan. 31

RAIL DIVISION.

On and after November 20th, 1882, trains leave Ainsworth dock, Portland, ... with trains at Albina at ... Junction at 6:25 A. M. ... Dayton at ... Walla Walla ...

MIDDLE COLUMBIA DIVISION.

Boat leaves Portland for Dalles ... Boat arrives at Portland from Dalles ...

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Portland for	Mo.	Tu.	We.
Astoria & Lower Columbia	6 AM	6 AM	
Dayton, Or.	7 AM	7 AM	
Corvallis		6 AM	
Victoria, B. C.	5 AM		

NARROW GAUGE ...

BETWEEN PORTLAND ... via O. & C. R. R. ...

On and after ...

Trains for Coburg leave ... Mondays, Wednesdays and ...

BET PORTLAND ... via O. & C. R. R.

Leave Portland at 8 A. M. ... for Portland at 7:30 A. M.

Freight for all points on ... be received and forwarded ... and West Side Division ...

General Offices—Cor. ...

C. H. PRESCOTT, Manager.

A. L. MAXWELL, ...

NORTHERN PACIFIC ...

WESTERN ...

PACIFIC ...

Leave Kalama at ... ma at 4:30 P. M. ... Leave New Tacoma at ... 12 M.

At Tacoma with ... Francisco, and with ... attle, Olympia and all ... At Lakeview with ... At Tenino with the ... Olympia. At Kalama with ... and all railroad ... land.

Leave Wallula ... at 2:45 P. M. ... Oreille at 7:45 P. M. ... Returning ... at Spokane Falls ... and Wallula Junction ...

At Wallula Junction ... river, ocean and ... Sleeping ...

J. M. BUCKLEY, ...

OTIS SPRAGUE, ...

Oregon & California ...

On and after ... (DAILY ...)

Portland ... Riddle's ... Portland ... Lebanon ... Portland ... Junction ... Riddle's ... Junction ...

Portland ... Corvallis ...

Close connections ... the California ...

Tickets for all ... nia and the East ... Corner ...

Storage will ... Company's ... Freight will ... 5 o'clock P. M. ...

E. P. ROGERS, ...

VOL.

DOMESTIC

UDOLPHO ...

TO THE ...

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NERVOUS ...

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PRI...